جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدراً بالإنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الإربنية والراي،

Qadhafi dismisses ultimatum on Lockerbie

BONN (R) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi was quoted Saturday as dismissing a Western ultimatum to hand over for trial two Libyans wanted by Britain on suspicion of carrying out the 1988 Lockerbie airliner bombing. German Sat 1 television, in a transcript of an interview with Colonel Qadhafi to be broadcast on Sanday, quoted him as saying earlier this week that "these mediaevel decisions are outdated," The language of warnings, threats and ultimatums is absolutely unacceptable." Despite walnings, turents and utilizations is associately unacceptance. Sespent Col. Qadhafi's uncompromising language, there have been signs in recent weeks of progress in the dispute over who bombed Pan Am flight 103 over Scotland, killing 270. A Scotlish lawyer engaged by Libya has said the suspects are ready to stand trial if they are sure it will be fair and if suspects are ready to stand that it they are some it will be sarctions against Libys are dropped before they surrender." (see page 2), Britain is unlikely to accept such a demand. But the new draft re would suspend sanctions if the two men were turned over and Libya cooperated with a French enquiry into the 1989 bombing of a UTA flight over Niger in which 171 died. Col. Oadhafi said Libya was already fulfilling the terms of U.N. Resolution 731 by cooperating with judicial

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Arafat, Rabin to attend White House signing

Clinton hails Middle East peace breakthrough

WASHINGTON - For years bitter enemies, Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin will stand side by side Monday at the White House for the signing of a peace

"We're living in truly revolu-if Geon tionary times," President Bill Clinton declared Saturday as he prepared to host the first public meeting between an Israeli leader and the chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), which Israel has officially considered "terrorist. "Israel and the PLO will come

to the White House to sign a courageous and historic peace accord" that will be "the first step in replacing war with peace and giving the children of the Middle East a chance to grow up to a normal life," Mr. Clinton said in his weekly radio address. Mr. Rabin's spokesman Oded

Ben-Ami confirmed that the Israeli prime minister would attend the ceremony but it was not clear whether he or Foreign Minister Shimon Peres would sign the document giving limited self-rule to Palestinian In Tunis an official of the PLO

said Mr. Arafat would sign if Mr. If Mr. Peres signed, then the

Arafat to visit. France in 2 weeks

TUNIS (R) — French President-Francois Mitterrand has invited Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat to visit France and Mr. Arafat will go within two weeks, spokes-man Yasser Abed Rabbo told reporters.

Israel asks Oslo to continue as mediator OSLO (AFP) - Israel has asked

Norway to continue its role as mediator in talks to end decades of enmity between the Jewish state and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), Norway's Foreign Minister Johan Joergen Holst said early Saturday. He said that holding "new talks in Oslo had not been excluded," adding that the Israeli government had asked Norway to "continue its role as mediator in the historic

200 due in Cairo for police training

CAIRO (AFP) — Around 200 Palestinians from the occupied Gaza Strip will arrive in Cairo next week for training as officers in a future Palestinian police force, Palestinian officials said here Saturday. They will be joined by a number of Egyptian-based volunteers who are veterans of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA), they said.

Southern students riot in Khartoum

KHARTOUM (R) - Police in Khartoum fired teargas to disperse rioting displaced students from war-ravaged southern Sudan demanding re-allocation to other schools, witnesses said on Sunday. Riot police were called in when hundreds of primary and high school pupils went on a rampage on Saturday, smashing and overturning cars in the capit al. No casualties were reported. Hundreds of schoolchildren, many of them girls, had besieged the Khartoum state education offices to enquire about their redistribution to other schools. Trouble started after they found no lists had been displayed at local offices as promised.

Phony U.S. visas sold to Egyptians

WASHINGTON (AP) — U.S. officials say they found a ring selling take, photocopied American visas to Egyptians, including followers of a Muslim cleric accused of "terrorism," the Washington Post reported Saturday. However, unnamed officials cited by the newspaper said they had no evidence linking those receiving the visas to the Feb. 26 bombing of the World Trade Centre in New York.



Palestinians holding a Palestinian flag Saturday celebrate the agreement formalised one day earlier of mutual recognition between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (AFP photo)

number two in the PLO delegation would sign, the official

He did not name the number two but it is widely expected to be.
Mahmoud Abbas (Abu Mazen),
one of the Fatch members on the
PLO Executive Committee and

the man who masterminded the PLO's secret negotiations with

Farouk Kaddoumi, the PLO's veteran "foreign minister," has reservations about the self-rule agreement and has told his

sign it.
PLO officials said they believed Mr. Rabin, Mr. Arafat and U.S. President Clinton would eventually sign the document. PLO supporters hope the sight equal of Mr. Rabin by President

for the controversial accord

"I am confirming the fact that Mr. Rabin will be flying to Washington to participate in the ceremony on the White House lawn on Monday," Mr. Ben Ami

A senior official said it was not certain Mr. Rabin would sign the deal or shake hands with Mr.

"The details of Rabin's participation have not been worked out yet," said the official. Mr. Ben-Ami said Mr. Rabin and Mr. Peres would leave Israe!

for Washington Sunday. In Houston, Texas, Mr. Clinton said the signing of the agreement opened the way for normal life to resume again in the Middle

But Mr. Clinton, elated that at the last minute Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat will attend Monday's ceremony in Washington, cautioned that the peace agreement was just the first step to peace in the troubled region.

He said the biggest contribution the United States could make after the signing was to ensure the peace process kept "I think it (the signing cere-

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein has said that he expects progress in all other tracks of the Arab-Israeli Israel and the Palestinians have worked out an agree-

The King, who is on a private visit to Britain, said in two television interviews that Jordan, which has been holding back the formalisation of an agenda with Israel, now hopes

to endorse the docume The King said the idea of a confederation between Jordan and the Palestinians was too early to be discussed. It should be brought up "when the Palestinians exercise their free

choice," he said.
The King, who visited Syrian
President Hafez Al Assad three weeks ago, said Syria was also committed to resolving its problems with Israel and achieving a peace settlement.

Asked whether he would visit Israel, the King said: "We hope that the land will not be occupied for a long time and also hope that there will be peace among all concerned

King expects progress in all

tracks of peace negotiations

He also expressed hope that the Palestinians would remain united at this crucial stage in Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-

mon Peres said Friday he hopes to reach agreement with Jordan next week to complete "a triangle" of peaceful Mr. Peres said on ABC television that the Israel-

Palestinian agreement to be signed on Monday in Washington meant that "the entire fabric of the Middle East was and has been changed." He referred to Israel, the

Palestinians and Jordan as "a triangle" and said the three should live together peaceful-

Today, we are trying to have an understanding between two angles, the Palestinians and the Israelis, and the Jordanians, because I hope next week we are going to have twins — an agreement with the Jordanians," Mr. Peres said.

He said the best solution

together economically, but each remained separately as

"But the other possibilities are a confederation between the Jordanians and the Palestinians, which is the most natural thing to happen, and I won't exclude even a confederation between the Palestinians and the Israelis.'

Jordan has said it could ratify a pact with Israel soon the PLO-Israeli deal is signed in Washington on Mon-

day, not at the same time.
"Jordan may agree on the
agenda as soon as the Palestinian-Israeli agreement is signed but it won't be simultaneous," said Marwan Muasher, the Jordanian spokesman at peace talks.

Dr. Muasher said from Washington that there were still issues to be agreed with

"We're not talking about a peace treaty but on an agenda that includes issues that will be discussed on the Israeli-Jordanian track."

Israelis

Combined agency dispatches

whose car was smashed up. broke out and police fired teargas to break up the march.

called a strike in the occupied territories for Monday to protest the signing of the agreement at the White House.

"to hoist black flags in protest at

1.118 the number of Palestinians killed by Israeli bullets since the intifada began in December 1987.

pital sources said.

border police fired tear-gas during a march by some 2,000 supporters of the Fateh wing of the PLO. Police said they arrested

day, a correspondent reported.

The deaths in the town of

their way to hospital.

West Bank town of Jericho.

in Gaza Saturday urging people

people."

according to an AFP toll.

on when Fatch members display-

Ramallah

autonomy agreement on the occupied West Bank on Satur-

The army declared the area

Palestinians in favour of the accord, said a photographer Palestinians threw stones, scuffles

(Continued on page 5)

Ramallah were the first since Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreed to recognise each other on Thurs-day. They signed recognition

closed military zone.

demonstration of several hundred

Hamas and the Islamic Jihad

Tony Walker, a journalist for

In East Jerusalem paramilitary

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM -Israeli soldiers shot dead two Palestinians and wounded another 17 during a demonstra-tion against the Palestinian

accords Friday.
Nidal Abul Al, 21, was hit in the heart and Iyad Abdul Tamimi in the head as troops opened fire after being stoned by demonstra-tors, witnesses said. They died on

The Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas and the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) called the protest against the agreement to launch autonomy in the Gaza Strip and

The army wounded 13 people on the Gaza Strip Friday as fundamentalists protested the agreement, which is due to be signed in

Washington on Monday.
Violence also erupted when
police blocked an East Jerusalem

Islamic Jihad distributed tracts

a black day for the Palestinian The two deaths brought to

the London Financial Times and Melbourne Age, was shot in the calf during Saturday's clash, hos-

eight people.
On Friday police had looked



demonstrations Friday (AFP photo) Hamas requests Yemen to host Palestinian reconciliation talks

SANAA -- The hardline Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, called on Yemen to host Palestinian reconciliation talks to narrow rifts created by the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisa-

tion (PLO) peace deal, Radio Sanaa reported on Saturday. The radio said a delegation from the fundamentalist Palestinian group headed by Musa Abu Marzouq made the call during talks in Sanaa with Yemeni Presi-

dent Ali Abdullah Saleh. The report in Arabic did not mention PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat by name but indicated all Palestinian groups would be in-

Mr. Abu Marzouq, the Damascus-based head of Hamas' political burean, asked President Saleh to "host a Palestinian meeting in Sanaa for a dialogue among. the Palestinians ... and preempt plots by the enemies of the Palestinian people to sow sedition and conflict among their ranks." Mr. Saleh last week gave his support to Mr. Arafat when he

capitals to muster backing for his accord with Israel., Yemen has traditionally been a strong Arafat supporter. Hamas, which has its main bastion in Gaza, fiercely opposes

visited Sanaa on a tour of Arab

Mr. Arafat's plan. A key test of the deal will be whether Mr. Aratat can control Hamas and other handliners who demand nothing less than a Palestinian state in all the occu-. states."

pied territories.

The Yemeni news agency (SABA) quoted Mr. Saleh as Ahmar, accused Israel of wanting

affirming Yemen's support for to "circumvent" the Middle East the Palestinians "in all their peace process. choices of movement towards regaining their legitimate rights and

achieving a just and lasting peace that would bring stability and security to the Middle East." Hamas has joined calls by Damascus-based Palestinian groups to sabotage the accord with Israel. They have ignored Mr. Arafat's call to end the six-

year-old Palestinian uprising. Mr. Arafat often visits Yemen for talks with officials and inspection of Palestinian training camps. Thousands of PLO fighters were redeployed in camps in Yemen after forced out of Leba-

non in the early 1980s.
Palestinian and Arab hardliners Saturday denounced the mutual recognition by the PLO and Israel and the pact for Palestinian autonomy in the occu-

Some 400 Palestinians staged a sit-in in front of the PLO's office in Damascus to protest the policies of Mr. Arafat.

In a statement to AFP, the demonstrators said "Arafat and his team have committed a crime against the Palestinian people by recognising the Zionist presence and concluding the Gaza-Jericho

and agreements on the people," said the staten ent, adding that the PLO chairman was "a threat to the Palestinian cause and Arab

"Arafat and his team do not

represent the Palestinian people

and cannot impose their decisions

"Syria seeks a comprehensive peace and clings to its rights and will not make concessions over the occupied territories," the offi-

cial SAÑA news agency quoted him as saying.

Damascus Radio said Middle East peace could not be achieved without the will of all the parties involved in the Arab-Israeli talks. "Israel is only raising (the possibility of) partial and conditional withdrawals which, like separate

solutions, cannot lead to peace," Lebanese Defence Minister Mohsen Dallul, who is pro-Syrian, said in Beirut the PLO-Israeli accord would fail if Israel's negotiations with Lebanon and Syria remain deadlocked.

In Baghdad, the General Un-

ion of Palestinian Teachers in

Iraq branded the accord as "a plot" which fell short of Palestinian aspirations. In Amman, the General Federation of Arab Writers urged opposition to the "catastrophic agreement" and the unveiling of

the dangers and repercussions of

its implementation. Ahmad Jamal, a member of the politburo of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine, said the factions opposing the accord are planning a toplevel meeting in the next few days to draw up "a strategy to wreck Israel's agreement with the

Tayseer Qubaa, who sits on the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine's politburo, said the meeting will likely convene in

Regent: Jordan backs moves that serve Arab, Palestinian rights

By P.V. Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN - Jordan will continue to extend support for any decision that serves and safeguards Arab and Palestinian interests, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, said

Saturday. The Regent, in a meeting with newspaper columnists and commentators at the Basman Palace, outlined how Jordan viewed the series of political events that unfolded since Aug. 20, when Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) announced a secret agreement on Palestinian autonomy to start in the occupied Gaza Strip and West Bank town

The meeting was clearly the media, pitting opponents and supporters of the Israel-PLO agreement passing judgement of the accord and going to extreme lengths to defend their views.

"Readers are not a testing. ground and they are not interested in the emotions of this or that writer....," the Regent said, stressing that newspaper com-mentaries should reflect higher national interests rather than the

sentiments and wishes of the wri-As long as the writer places



personal bitterness, frustration and preoccupations with life and prompted by the fierce debate in what is going on, he will be

guarded from shifting positions, he said. "The supreme national interests have been set, thanks to the guidance and protection of His Majesty King Hussein," the Regent said. "If our writers and journalists abide by them, they will also be avoiding sectarian-ism, jingoism and... which some-

times surface in some writings." "Some of the writings inflict extreme damage on Jordan's national interests," he said. "If a writer believes that the

mnose his views on the readers he said. 'The same applies to people who describe Jordan's position on the plan as one of shock and suspicion of conspira-

Jordan, which recognised the

PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people in 1974 and severed legal and administrative ties with the West Bank in 1988, does not harbour any territorial ambitions, he said. When we talk about the Gaza-Jericho first plan, we only talk about the great hope that this agreement would contribute to achieving a comprehensive peace in the Middle East based on

international legitimacy and U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338," he said. The Regent briefly reviewed mite family to Palestine and Arab causes. "We are at the base of Abdullah Ben Al Hussein, the founding grandfather who loved Palestine and fought for it... of Talal (Ben Abdullah) who defended Arab honour in Palestine... and of Al Hussein, who dedicated his life to Palestine and the rights of the Arab and Muslim

people whoever and wherever they may be...," he said.

(Continued on page 5)

More countries endorse accord

higher national interests above Gaza-Jericho proposal as

CHINA SATURDAY reacted favourably to the Middle East peace accord, the last permanent member of the U.N. Security Council and the last major Asian country to comment on the agree-

Vietnam, Indonesia, Singapore

and Bangladesh also praised the

signing of the agreement between

Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to recognise each other in a bid to end more than four decades of blood-A Chinese foreign ministry spokesman was quoted Saturday as saying by the official Xinhua

news agency that China express-

ed its "appreciation" for the

accord. "We hope that it can be a new starting point towards the end of the Arab and Israeli dispute," the spokesman said, adding that the accord was a step towards "peace and justice in the Middle East." He also said the agreement was an important step towards a solu-

Combined agency dispatches notwithstanding its establishment of diplomatic ties with Israel in official Saudi Press Agency said. January 1992.

Vietnam also Saturday praised the agreement as an "important first step" towards peace in the Middle East that could pave the way for a peaceful solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said in Hanoi.

Indonesian President Suharto

bailed the accord as an important

breakthrough and hoped it could

lead to an overall settlement of the Palestinian question, officials said in Jakarta. Although Mr. Suharto said he realised the Palestinian people still faced "a long journey," he expressed hope the agreement could lead to "a comprehensive, fundamental and just settlement

in line with the aspiration of the

Palestinian people to have its own

motherland and sovereign gov-

On Friday, Japan, India, South Korea, the Philippines and Thaiiand also welcomed the news of

the historic agreement. Saudi Arabia's King Fahd has tion to the Palestinian question, a welcomed the mutual recognition cause China has long supported, of Israel and the PLO as "a

The agency said King Fahd made the remark in a telephone conversation with U.S. President Bill Clinton. U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali said the mutual recogni-

historic achievement which deserved world-wide support. The United Nations was ready to assist the parties as they moved towards a just and lasting Middle

tion by Israel and the PLO was a

East peace, he added. The Iranian press roundly denounced the recognition agreement and underlined the opposition to the Palestinian autonomy accord throughout the Muslim

A huge banner headline printed in capital letters on the front page of the English-language Tehran Times read: "Blackest day," followed by the headings "Arafat under threat" and "Arafat ignores key issues," in references to PLO Chairman

Yasser Arafat.

The left-leaning Salam daily printed a front-page story on "the

(Continued on page 5)

West wants to raise cash for self-rule

LONDON (R) — Rich nations ies, spread over eight years or have concluded that they must try, to make a financial go of a new Palestinian entity in Israelioccupied territories, despite reticence so far over who will contribute what, western diplomats

Although the accord on Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank and Gaza Strip is only a first step, key Western states see it as the best hope for an end to the long-running Middle East conflict and do not want to see it lost through stinginess.

"What is important is that there is agreement that an international effort is needed to make (the accord) stick," one diplomat said. Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) are expected to sign the agreement in Washington on Monday.

The territories, their economy badly retarded after 26 years of military occupation, will need bilons of dollars in aid and invest-

But the demand has come at a time of recession in the developed world. In addition, Europe and the United States already face big calls on their aid budgets from the former communist states of Eastern Europe and the ex-Soviet Union.

Even the fabled wealth of the Gulf Arab oil states is not what it was since Saudi Arabia and Kuwait footed a \$120 billion bill for the 1991 Gulf war. Those states have also not forgiven Palestinian leaders for their support of Iraq in that war.

In the short term, the United States is trying to assemble an emergency fund of \$590 million to cover start-up costs, with the Gulf states being asked for some \$200 million, according to diplomats and Palestinian sources.

Longer-term aid is expected to be coordinated through the World Bank, which in a recent drafted a \$4.3 billion economic development plan for the territor- no figures.

The plan will be discussed in Washington on Sept. 20 by officials of the PLO, Israel and Arab states. The PLO is expected to propose a much more ambitious plan for \$11.6 billion by the year

While Gulf states have made no public commitments on any aid, British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd predicted after a trip to the region this week that they would eventually contribute, despite their differences with the

"It is accepted here, as everywhere, that a settlement will need support... part of that support will need to come from the countries of the Gulf," he tolds a news

conference in Saudi Arabia. But Palestinian and Western otificials stressed that they were looking for the aid burden to be distributed around the world to bring in European countries, the United States, Japan and Israel as well as the Gulf states.

"Palestine is an international responsibility," said Afif Safieh, PLO representative in London. "I am not happy with those who think it is up to the Arab states

The European Community's Executive Commission has proposed a \$600 million aid plan for the occupied territories, to be

spread over five years. The commission hopes the plan will be given broad political blessing at an informal meeting of EC foreign ministers in Belgium over the weekend.

Scandinavian countries last week pledged \$140 million in aid over the next four years.

Japan is also planning to offer aid for the self-rule project, according to an unconfirmed report by the Kyodo News Agency. benefit when aid in the territories It said this would be in keeping with Tokyo's global role but gave

White House turned 'crazy' for peace signing ceremony

President Bill Clinton will host the signing ceremony, when Israel and the Palestinians formally accept each other's right to exist in a move that could mark the beginning of the end to decades of bitter fighting.

The press office, normally busy

"We're getting phone calls from Israeli press, from Palesti-

| Palestinians to benefit from Gulf aid fund

ABU DHABI (AFP) - Palestinians in the occupied territories are expected to benefit from a \$10 billion aid fund set up by wealthy Gulf states to finance development in poor Arab countries, diplomats said.

"I think Palestinians are now the most eligible for assistance from that fund following their agreement with Israel. I believe Gulf states realise this fact," a Gulf-based Arab diplomat said.

The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel are due to sign in Washington Monday an agreement giving Palestinians autonomy in the Gaza Strip and in Jericho on the occupied West Bank.

Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) have pledged \$6.5 billion for the fund, set up after the 1991 Gulf War.

GCC states promised to set up the fund to support the economies of poor Arab states but have made clear only member states carrying out reforms would be eligible for assistance, to be supervised by the World Bank. Their purpose is to encourage

Arab states to press on with reforms and expand the private sector after nearly \$100 billion in development aid over the past two decades produced no results. Wealthy Gulf states cut off funding to the PLO after its leader Yasser Arafat supported

Iraq during the Gulf war, but have approved the accord. "Gulf states have made clear the fund would help all Arab states which meet its conditions concerning reforms and efficient use of the money," a Gulf eco-nomist said. "I do not see any reason why Palestinians can not

would be under international su-

pervision. An Arab League report released last week said the Palestinian economy "is under strong pressure due to the restrictive policies of the occupation against economic activities, such pressure has led to the collapse of traditional economic activities without any encouragement of growth in new sectors.

General Colin Powell, chair-

man of the Joint Chiefs of Staff,

defended U.S. participation in

U.N. peacekeeping in Somalia as

the Senate approved legislation



comalis carry a child who was critically injured Friday when a U.S. truck was destroyed by a

rocket on the road which had been the scene of fighting between Mohammad Farah Aideed's sup-porters and U.N. troops (AFP photo)

Aideed wants talks with

Combined agency dispatches MOGADISHU — Somali aides of fugitive warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed said Saturday that he wanted to talk peace with U.N. forces hunting him for mur-

But in the streets of Mogadishu General Aideed's militias kept up a campaign of maybem, ambushing a U.N. convoy of French Foreign Legion troops.
"We want to talk with UNOSOM (the U.N. operation in
Somalia) but UNSOOM is not capable of solving the matter peacefully," Aideed deputy Mohammad Hassan Awale told

reporters in Mogadishu. U.N. officials said the French troops returned fire and pursued their attackers into a building, killing one Somali and wounding

Two Somali gunmen also attacked U.N. troops holed up in the massive compound in central Mogadishu where they have fortified themselves for the last three

A mortar shell fired by militias also thumped into the Pakistani base near the October 21st Road, scene of most clashes which have killed 48 U.N. soldiers and hundreds of Somalis since early June. It was a familiar sequence of events in south Mogadishu, where Gen. Aideed's faction says his Habre Gedir clansmen are being brutally victimised by the "U.S. and its hirelings." Gen. Aideed's call for a cease-

fire came as former U.S. President Jimmy Carter disclosed that he was acting as a go-between in contacts with the fugitive general and the United Nations. In the United States, Mr. Car-

ter revealed that he has had "fairly regular" conversations over the past month with the warlord, who is wanted by the United Nations following attacks by his forces on peacekeeping troops in Mogadishu, the Atlanta Journal-Constitution reported Saturday.

The news came as two leaders of Gen. Aideed's Somali National Alliance (SNA) told reporters here that "all problems could be settled peacefully." We want peace and we call on

the international community to stop the massacre of Somali people and to promote dialogue."
Mr. Awale and Mohammad Siad The two, speaking in the Aidid

stronghold of southern Mogadishu, also accused U.N. forces here of "not being ready to negotiate at a time when an already very tense situation can only get worse." Mr. Issa warned clashes would

become "10 times more violent" if the UNOSOM continued to

resort to force. Mr. Carter, who has undertaken a number of missions to Africa in recent years, told the Atlanta, Georgia, newspaper he was "responding to a request from him (Mr. Aideed) and just relaying what he says" to authorities in Washington and to the U.N.

He said he was not involved in any negotiations on obtaining the warlord's surrender.

In Mogadishu, Mr. Awale said some 203 people had died and 249 had been injured in clashes Thursday when U.N. helicopter gunships opened fire on a crowd of Somalis, which hospital sources said included women and children, following an ambush by Aideed supporters in which a U.N. soldier was killed.

The hospital sources Friday said 117 wounded Somalis were brought in after the attack and a further 29 had died.

Mr. Awale said: "We knew this would happen, we thought the international community would come to our aid to prevent this tragedy but it seems this is to continue without end."

SNA leaders said attacks

against U.N. troops would stop if the SNA and UNOSOM reached a ceasefire agreement, although Mr. Awale said they had been carried out spontaneously by "angry people".

NEWS IN BRIEF

Iran telis Germany it opposes 'terrorism'

NICOSIA (R) — Iranian President Akbar Hashemi Rafisanjani sent a message to German Chancellor Helmut Kohl on Friday saying Tehran opposed "international terrorism," Tehran Radio said. Mr. Rafsanjani, in the message delivered to Mr. Kohl in Boom by his brother Mohammad Hashemi who heads iran's state radio and television, said the two countries should cooperate for peace in the Middle East and the Gulf region, it said. "The message, pointing to the Islamic Republic of Iran's opposition to internation al terrorism and weapons of mass destruction, stressed the necessity of the two countries expanding their cooperation," the radio said. Iran's alleged role in the killing of four Kurdish dissident leaders in Berlin a year ago is one of the thorny issues in Tehran's generally good relations with Bonn.

Dev-Sol claims attack on former general

ISTANBUL (R) - The Dev-Sol (Revolutionary left) guerrilla group has claimed reponsibility for Friday's attack against a former Turkish army general in Istanbul, Turkish newspapers reported on Saturday. They said the newspapers received a phone call from someone saying Dev-Sol was behind the attack against retired General Hussein Dogan Ozgocmen, 77, who commanded Turkey's first army from 1973 to 1975. The newspapers reported that the caller said the attack had been carried out to avenge the killing of Kurdish Deputy Mehmet Sincar, gunned down last week in the southeastern Turkish city of Batman. Gen. Ozgocznen was recovering at Gumussuyu military hospital after being hit in the

Dutchman hurls smoke bomb at Ciller convoy

MOSCOW (R) - A dutchman hurled a smoke bomb at a convo of cars accompanying visiting Turkish Prime Minister Tansu Ciller on her way to a Moscow airport, ITAR-TASS news agency said Friday. TASS said Erik Veeda, a 28-year-old Dutch citizen who came to Moscow at the invitation of an arts centre, was detained for throwing the smoke bomb, but it gave no reason for Thursday's attack. Ms. Ciller was returning home after a two-day official trip to the Russian capital during which she met President Bork Yeltsin, Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin and other Russian

Two policemen killed in southern Egypt

ASSIUT (AP) - Four suspected Muslim extremists shot dead two policemen Saturday as they waited for a bus in southern Egypt, authorities said. A security officer said the policemen the police men were standing at the bus station in Dairut, 300 kilometres south of Cairo, when they came under attack. The assailants escaped. Policeman Makramallah Saber Abdul Kareem died at the scene. The other victim, Ahmad Fathi Abdul Hakim, died later in a hospital operating room during surgery to remove bullets. Dairut, just north of the provincial capital Assiut, is a Muslim extremist stronghold, where several clashes have occurred involving them and police. Dairut also is where a British nurse vacationing in Egypt was killed last year in the first major attack on foreign tourists in the country.

Cyprist speaker accuses Britain of favouring partition

NICOSIA (AP) The president of the House of Representatives. Alexis Galanos, Saturday accused Britain of favouring the partition of Cyprus for the sake of its military bases on the island. "The division of Cyprus is favoured by Britain because in this way the issue of the British military bases on the island, which it considers very important, is never raised." Mr. Galanos told a news conference. He added that "while giving the impression that it cares about a settlement, Britain's actions in general do not permit us to conclude they are sincere in their intentions."

Scottish lawyers in Libya to meet suspects

LONDON (AP) -- Two Scottish lawyers have travelled to Libya to meet the men suspected of planning the 1988 bombing of Pan Am Flight 103. British Broadcastine Corporation (BBC). Television reported Friday. The BBC Reporting Scotland report said Lord Macauley, a top Scottish defence attorney, and Alistair Duff, a 39-year-old criminal lawyer, flew to Libya within the past 48 hours. Mr. Duff told reporters Tuesday that the accused men's Libyan legal team had hired them to represent the pair, should Libya agree to their extradition to Scotland as Britain and the United States demand.

PLO is represented worldwide

TUNIS (AFP) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). which has just been officially recognised by Israel, has 91 missions all over the world. According to the PLO's Political Department, all over the world. According to the FLO's Foundam Department, its de facto foreign ministry, 75 of the missions enjoy diplomatic status, most of them in developing countries. In the Arab World, the PLO missions are all "embassies" with the exception of Oman where the PLO is not represented and Syria and Libya where it has only "bureaux." In Africa and Asia, most of its missions have embassy rank except in Japan which hosts a Palestine general delegation, half way between a bureau and an embassy. In Western Europe, the PLO has "bureaux" except for a general delegation in France and "embassies" in Greece and Austria. In Eastern Europe, PLO "embassies" dating from the cold war era have retained their status. Australia and all Latin America have PLO bureaux except Cuba and Nicaragua which have "embassies." For the past few months, the PLO has tried to save money by closing some of its missions. In particular, it withdrew from Norway and Denmark, keeping only an information office in Stockholm.

Peres interviewed on Saudi television NICOSIA (AFP) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres was interviewed on Saudi television Friday in the first ever appearance by an Israeli official on television in the kingdom's history. In the nterview by the London-based Saudi station MBC, monitored here, Mr. Peres looked forward to a normalisation of relations between Israel and the Arab states, saying that it would be "profitable to both sides." The interview was conducted in English with an Arabic-language voice-over.

350/ 250 130/ 79 250/170

WASHINGTON (R) — The peace signing ceremony between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on Monday turned the White House into a scene that was "a little bit crazy" on Friday as people clamoured for admission to the historic event.

The hastily scheduled event has thrown the White House into a frenzy of last-minute planning.
"The phones are ringing. The faxes are pouring in. It's incredi-

ble," said a harried-looking Ann Stock, the White House social secretary, in describing the flood of requests to attend the cere-White House Press Secretary

Dee Dee Myers said the original plans called for inviting 1,000 guests to the South Lawn ceremony, but as the clamour rose for invitations some aides said the

anyway, seemed overwhelmed with activity. Journalists from around the world were calling to get access to the day when Israel and the PLO bury their blood

nian press, from American press, from local press, from national press, from people who want to come in, from people who want to be guests," said Lorraine Voles, deputy press secretary. 'Yes, it's a little bit crazy," she

While flying from Washington to an event in California, Mr. Clinton spoke from air force one with some of his predecessors and asked them to attend the signing

Former presidents Jimmy Carter and George Bush — who both spearheaded efforts that produced breakthroughs in Middle East peace efforts — accepted the invitations.

Gerald Ford said he could not attend the ceremony, but plans to show up for a dinner that night. Richard Nixon and Ronald Reagan turned down the offer.

to be a series of day-long activities built around the main event — the signing ceremony on the South Lawn of the White House.

Delors. Class to attend

dent Jacques Delors and Belgian Foreign Minister Willy Claes will represent the European Com-munity at Monday's White House ceremony, the European Community (EC) said Friday. Mr. Claes will attend because

his country currently holds the EC's six-monthly rotating pres-Japan's Foreign Minister Tsu-

tomu Hata will attend the signing, officials said Saturday. The Japanese foreign minister. will leave Washington on Tuesday to begin a four-day visit to Thailand and Cambodia, they

Mr. Hata was originally scheduled to leave Tokyo on Tuesday for Bangkok but the sudden invitation from Mr. Clinton forced him to change the earlier plan, the officials said.

Powell says troops sn WASHINGTON (AP) - Cur-

tailing U.S. military operations in to solve regional problems. America's top military officer said Thursday.

Ms. Myers said there was likely

seeking a greater congressional role in deciding whether American troops should be withdrawn. The compromise amendment, which requests the president to get congressional authorisation Nov. 15 for deployment of U.S. forces in Somalia, was spon-European Commission Presisored by Sen. Robert Byrd (Democrat), who favours with-

drawal. It was also backed by senators who support the U.S. presence but who agreed that Congress must exercise its duties, under the War Powers Act, to authorise U.S. military presence in a hostile environment abroad. The vote

was 90-7.
"I think we have to stay there for the foreseeable future." Gen. Powell said in an interview with the Associated Press. A pullout would be "devastating to our hopes for the new world order and our ability to participate in multinational organisations to deal with problems like this.' It would be a mistake, Gen.

Powell said, to "cut and run

because things have gotten a little

The difficulty of the mission was underscored Thursday when Somalia would be devastating to U.S. and Pakistani troops fired have both questioned a continued the future of multinational efforts on a Somali mob including U.S. military presence in Somaomen and children, killing up to 100 people, after the mob joined militiamen in attacking the

peacekeepers. A U.N. spokesman said one Pakistani was killed and three Americans and two Pakistanis injured in the heaviest fighting since American troops landed in Somalia last December.

Mr. Byrd read an Associated Press report of the fighting as he demanded a congressional voice in the future of the Somali mission. "What has to happen before we shake the consciences of our representatives in Congress?"

Mr. Byrd, chairman of the appropriations committee, on ednesday introduced legislation that would give Congress veto power over continuing the Somali operation.

Late Thursday, the Senate resumed debate on Somalia after the leadership reached agreement on a toned down version of Mr. Byrd's amendment, a nonbinding "sense of Congress" that states Congress "believes the president should by Nov. 15, 1993, seek and receive congressional authorisation in order for the deployment of U.S. forces to Somalia to continue."

The compromise was backed by Senate majority leader George Mitschell (Democrat), minority leader Bob Dole (Republican), and Armed Services Committee

Chairman Sam Nunn (Democrat). Mr. Dole and Mr. Nunn

The statement, to be included in the military budget bill for fiscal year 1994, also asks that the White House provide a detailed report on the situation in Somalia Oct. 15. "The Senate has an obligation

to take some action one way or another simply because it involves money and it involves blood," Mr. Byrd said. The operation is costing at least \$11 million a month, he said, adding, "I'm not for kicking in

billions of dollars and putting troops in harm's way for a poorly conceived U.N. mission.' The Clinton administration opposed the original Byrd amendment and a number of senators voiced misgivings about

pulling out. "It is true that no direct national interest is involved," said Sen. Strom Thurmond of South Carolia, ranking Republican on the Senate Armed Services Committee. "But now that we are there, all the indirect national interests are at stake - U.S. leadership, prestige, credibility and self-

Gen. Mitch McConnell, ranking Republican on the Senate Appropriations Foreign Operations Sub-Committee, told reporters he was concerned about setting deadlines for troop with-drawals. But he said the Byrd

a favour by crystallising his think-"He may have to step up to the

proposal might "do the president

The house in May authorised the U.S. military presence in the U.N. peackeeping mission and set a 12-month, renewable limit for U.S. involvement.

Congress on June 30 approved \$1 billion in supplemental spending for the operation.

But support for U.S. involvement has crumbled in recent months as the humanitarian goals set when President George Bush sent troops to the starving, anarchic nation last December became muddied by increasing hostility towards foreign peacekeep-

Late last month, President Bill Clinton decided to send a 400man Army Ranger strike force to Somalia, raising a new questions about why American forces are there, how much the operation will cost and how soon troops will return bome.

The United States already had 3,100 support troops and 1,400 amry combat troops in Somalia as part the U.N. force.

On Aug. 27, Defence Secretary Les Aspin spelled out three conditions for withdrawal of the combat forces: Establishing "reasonable security" in Magadishu, the Somali capital, making progress towards denying heavy weapons to warlords, and setting up credible local police forces.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

..... Le Monde est a Vous News in French . Le Journal de L'histoire .. News in Arabic Step By Step The Dream Machine 21:10

JORDAN TELEVISION

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrassincia Church Tel: 622366

623541. Charch Tcl. 630851, Tcl. Armenian Catholic Church Tcl. 771331. nian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. 652526. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. The Church of Jenus Christ of Latter-Day Salants Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER ulletin supplied by the Department of

rail, and winds will be northwer moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be roderate and seas calm.

16 / 34 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 30, Aqaba 37, Humidity readings: Amman 34 per cent, Aqaba 30 per USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

AMMAN: Dr. Mohammad Al Dr. Jamil Maraça Dr. Mukhlis Halasa 819213 Dr. Jamil Jbarab 847351 637055 636730 644945 637660 847632

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Food Control Centre Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate 630341

EMERGENCIES

Public Security Department Hotel Complaints Price Complaints Water and Sewerage 897467 an Municipality 787111 (directory assistance) 623101 773111 Radio Jordan lordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Electric Power

RJ Flight Information 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS AMMAN:

Jabal Amman Maternity 642363 Malhas, J. Ammun Palestine, Shmeisan Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamie, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali 664171/4 667227/9 664164/6 Italian, Al-Muhajreen . Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh *7*75111/26 Amal Hospital 674155 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital
Ibn Sina Hospital Al Hikua Modern Hospital

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

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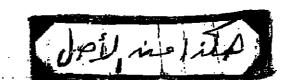
ARRIVALS

AIRPORT

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M	nammung Beirge (R.1)
11.55	Doba, Bahrian (R 🕏
17:10	Madrid (RI)

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18-30 Brussels, Paris (RJ) 18-55	94:30 Jeddah (RJ)
18:55 Loudon (R.) 19:30 Athens (R.)	Other Flights (Terminal 2)
20:50 Vienna /DT	87:85 Lamaca (CY)
20045 New York, Amsterdam (R.I)	1409 Doby Rabesia (CE)
21:16 Rome (RJ) 23:29 Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ)	19090 Moscow (SI I)
2234 Prankier, Geneva (RU)	21:25 Cairo (MS)
Other Flights (Terminal 2)	MARKET PRICES
65:45 Larnaca (CY)	••
13-30 Bahrain (GF)	Upperflower price in fils per kg.
14:30 Moscow (SU) 29:35 Cairo (MS)	Apple
29:59 Beirut (ME)	Banana 600-600
Jean (MC)	Banana (Mukammer)
DEPARTURES	DCERS
Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights	Cabbegg
(Terminal 1)	
•	Cauliflower 280/ 200 Cucumbers (large) 180 / 120
66:39 Madrid (RJ)	Cucumbers (small)
97:99 Beirut (R.I)	Eggplant
67:00	THE 300 / 200
11:59 Tunis, Casablanca (RI)	Carac 400 / 400 .
12:00 Vicana (RI)	URDCS
12:80	L702 V2 493/ 350 -
12:36 Amsterdam, New York (RJ)	Lemon
15:95 Athens (R f)	Marrow (large)
21:05 Rivadh (R.f)	Marrow (small) 360 / 240 Mulukhia 150 / 80
21:39 [eddab (D3)	Okra 900M60
ZEO Demastre (21)	Umion (Gry)
22:15 Aqaba, Cairo (RJ)	rupper (hot)
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	SWILL DICEMPAN ZHILD.







of the activities programme of Al Sabila Project (Staff photo by

Crown Prince award winners to end voluntary programme

AMMAN (J.T.) — Recipients of the 1993 Crown Prince Award today ended a programme of recreational functions like mounvolunteering their services to several regions in Jordan.

The group, operating under Al Sabila Project, chaired by Sharifa Zein Nasser, included university students who visited the following regions of Jordan: Um Al Jimal, Um Hussein, Al Safawi, Azraq, Shomari Wildlife Reserve, Amra ancient castle, Kharraneh castle, Karak citadel, Tafileh, Dana Reserve, Qadesieh Finan, Al Mansour, Petra, Al Hashemich, Rajif, Rum, Aqaba, Faraoun Island, the fertilisers plant, the Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali Home, the Ports Corporation and the palm dates

forest in Agaba. The students participated in services such as construction 2. 525 work, camps work, maintenance

tain climbing, swimming, driving and other activities.

The Sabila Project, introduced in 1990, encourages university students and other youth to volunteer and interact with the

Participants in the Sabila activities must be Jordanians between the ages of 17 and 25 willing to carry out voluntary services and raise funds for the Sabila pro-

During their trip, the partici-pants held seminars on Jordan's archaeological sites, the badia region and the role of the Ma'an and Tafileh districts during the Great Arab Revolt led by Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali.

Regent congratulates Ethiopia

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent Saturday sent a cable of good wishes to the President of Ethiopia on his country's national day. Regent wished the Ethiopian head of state continued good health and happiness and further progress for Ethiopian people.

PSD announces bridge closings

AMMAN (Petra) — The King Hussein Bridge across the Jordan River will be either partially or completely closed to travellers between Sept. 15 and Oct. 7, 1993, according to a statement by the Public Security Department (PSD) Saturday. The statement said that Wednesday, Sept. 15, Priday, Sept. 24, Wednesday, Sept. 20 and Wednesday. Sept. 29 and Wednesday, Oct. 6 the bridge will open until 10:30 a.m. It said that the bridge will be completely closed on the following days: Thursday, Sept. 16, Friday, Sept. 17, Saturday, Sept. 25, Thursday, Sept. 30 and Thursday, Oct. 7.

Ministry takes over German aid project

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Agriculture Sunday will take over from the German Agency for Technical Cooperation a project for the development of forests and combatting fires. The agency had been financing this project in Jordan since 1974 and providing equipment. It set up a special centre for storing seeds and provided training for Jordanian personnel involved in planting forests. The Ministry of Agriculture said the agency spent 15 million German marks on the project over the past 19

2,200 youngsters to help green Jordan

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PRICE.

AMMAN (Petra) — A government-appointed Higher Committee on Voluntary Work in Jordan has announced that 2,200 young volunteers will participate in helping to green the country. The activities will start on Sept. 18 and the participants will be involved in digging holes where trees are to be planted in January during Arbor Day celebrations in Jordan.

Amman chamber of industry invited to Moscow meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman Chamber of Industry has received an invitation to take part in the Second Arab Businessmen's Meeting to be held in Moscow on Sept. 21. The meeting is to allow the businesspersons to exchange views about the economic situation in the Russian Federation and the newly independent states of the former Soviet Union. During the four-day conference there will be a general trade fair displaying Arab countries' products.

Chief of staff leaves for talks in Paris

AMMAN (Petra) - Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of the Jordanian Armed Forces Lieutenant General Abdul Hafez Mirai Al Kaabneh left Saturday for Paris on a several day official visit to France. He was seen off at the sirport by the chief of staff of land

And leader to represent Majalis in polls

KARAK (Petra) - Chief of the Majali Tribal Council here-Marshal Habes Al Majali announced that Abdul Hadi Al Majali, the secretary general of the centrist Al Ahd Party, has been chosen as the tribe's candidate representing the Karak constituency in the coming parliamentary elections. Abdul Hadi Al Majali had served as chairman of the Joint Chief of Staffs of the Jordanian Armed Forces, Public Security Department director and ambassador of Jordan to the United States. Marshal Majali said the tribe's council Friday met and took the decision to nominate Abdul Hadi Al Majali as the tribe's candidate.

Ajloun typhoid cases rise to 17 — Malhas

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The number of positively diagnosed typhoid cases in Ailoun now numbers 17, and fever patients admitted to Al Iman Hospital in Ajloun and treated as typhoid cases stands at 156, Health Minister Abdul Rahim Maihas said

Dr. Malhas told the Jordan Times that of the total number of patients treated for high Iman Hospital Saturday, including the 17 people diagnosed as having typhoid.

Culture tests on urine, blood and stool of the typhoid patients proved positive, requiring that they remain hospitalised under treatment for a while, said Dr. Malhas.

All the other patients suffering from high fever, except one, were discharged by Saturday, added the minister. Dr. Malhas said only two

cases of high fever were admitted to the Princess Basma hospital in Irbid, and culture tests were continuing to determine whether they are to be classified as typhoid cases.

The minister reported that

six new cases of high fever were admitted Saturday to the government hospital in Jerash,

He said these patients are also being treated as if they



had typhoid while culture tests were underway.

Dr. Malhas has said a task force from the health ministry was dispatched to Jerash to invetigate source of typhoid disease and whether it exists in the Jerash area as well.

Last Wednesday, the minis-ter reported 15 positive typhoid cases in Ajloun of a total 127 high fever cases. Despite the increases, he

said, "the curve has a down-ward tendency" in Ajloun. Dr. Malhas said all high fever cases admitted to hospitals in Jordan are being treated as typhoid cases on purely clinical grounds, but they are not clasified as typhoid cases until proven so by laboratory cul-



Salam Kanaan's oil on canvas entitled "7 Money," on display at the Alia Art Gallery until Sept. 20

Student, professor juxtapose expressions

By Ica Wahbeh Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — One is the student: young, full of ideas, aspiring to change the artistic landscape of his country. The other one is his professor: set in his artistic ways and experimenting with new ideas and trends.

Together, Salam Kanaan and Amor Aouens (French) are exhibiting their works at the Alia Art Gallery in an odd juxtaposition of colours, styles and

Mr. Kanaan's paintings, mostly oil on canvas, but here and there dabbed with acrylic or plaster, are in more sober tones, dealing with the serious matters of economic depression worldwide, not forgetting home of course, and the universal figure of the

By contrast, Mr. Aouens' paintings, oil on canvas, are abstract, brightly coloured and give the impression of a lighter mood during the process of crea-

Part of Mr. Kanaan's paintings, musing and philosophical, have money as the central theme. Gone up in flames, with people gathered in front of huge bank-notes that have lost their value, these works reflect the global depression, characteristic of our

The biggest part of his works, though, is that of canvases with women as the central figure. Movement and body expression.

"The woman for me is extraordinary; mother, wife You find in her life, she is life," says the painter with obvious veneration for the mother and wonder at the complex human being that is

The paintings with women invariably have a thread crossing them with small, rectangular pieces of paper pegged on it.

They represent for the artist

"time and waiting." Having years or mystic verses on them, these identity or guessing the mood of small notes represent the passage of time; the artist got the idea of using them after seeing an Algerian woman waiting in front of a mosaic mural covered with notes that she would pin down from a calendar-like notebook marked

with wise words of advice. All Mr. Kanaan's paintings are split into two levels, the bottom one representing water, as "my works are an aquarium where you

feel the freedom."

And freedom is apparent in the position the body adopts, in the gently flowing lines of the figures in the whiteness of the "life model" and in the monolithical art head, expressive without details (thus liberating the artist of con-

The life model deserves a longer look, for all its comparison with the Statue of Liberty and parallel between old and new art the artist is drawing, it also has a deeper meaning, one that Mr. Kanaan volunteers to explain as: "The human body eats, drinks, sleeps, but is rather unable to do things in life, is tied up (by all

sorts of norms, laws, rules)."
Spending his time between France, where he has studied for the master's degree and would like to go on studying, and Jordan, the artist cannot part with either. "France is the best place to study art. It is the cultural centre of the world, from where connections are easy anywhere. I went there for impressionism and I discovered the art trends from everywhere. It enriched me, but I love Jordan; its landscape and people. And I come back all the

Mr. Aouens' works, of a lighter mood, are in brightly coloured, striking reds, anil blues, shades of yellow, greens and pinks. They create floral patterns,

stylised arabesques and geometric figures. Some have painted frames with colours and pattern complementing the overall im-

At times subtly intertwined, at others creating a maze where the imagination can roam freely, the colour strokes are equally subdued shades or bold tints.

The paintings exude coolness; no passion is involved, the artist seems to be detached from his works. If some ochre yellows could bring to mind the southern fields of France, it is ony this far that any attempt at finding an the artist can go.

Some canvases give the impression of foctal creatures ensconced in an oppressive sac whose membrance they want to break and be free. So at least freedom is a concept appermost on the mind of both artists and a tangential point of their otherwise different

The exhibition lasts until Sept.

Cuba has strong ties with Arab World, says visiting deputy prime minister

AMMAN (Petra) — Visiting Cuban Deputy Prime Minister Pedro Preitto said here Saturday that his country maintains strong ties with the Arab Nation including Jordan and it has an interest in Arab causes, especially the Palestine question.

Speaking at a meeting with Acting Senate Speaker Bahjat Al Talhouni, Mr. Preitto said Jordan has done great deal to defend Palestinian rights and Palestine, which, he said, is the central issue in the Middle East conflict.

Praising Jordan's role in varions world issues, the envoy said his visit aims primarily to further bolster cooperation between Cuba and Jordan in parliamentary affairs.

In reviewing world issues with Mr. Talhouni, the Cuban official outlined the difficult circumstances Cuba was experiencing. Senator Talbouni, a former prime minister, said Jordan was interested in maintaining strong ties of friendship with the Cuban peo-ple and in launching parliamentary cooperation.

He outlined Jordan's stand visa-vis the Palestine question and briefed the guest on Jordan's parliamentary life.

The Cuban envoy met earlier with Minister of Industry and Trade Bassam Al Saket to discuss trade and economic relations. Mr. Preitto said Cuba wanted

to further these relations, adding that his country could import Jordanian-made pharmaceutical products in exchange for sugar. In reviewing Cuban industrial development, he said Cuba is considering the prospect of orga-



Minister of Information Saturday meets with visit-ing Cuban Deputy Prime Minister Pedro Prietto

(second from left) to discuss strengthening ties

nising a Cuban industrial fair in

Dr. Saket said Jordan and Cuba can begin trade and industrial cooperation through their respective chambers of commerce and industry which recognise the areas of joint investments and are more informed in the import export business. The minister suggested that the

Cuban government provide Jordanian businesspersons with information about Cuban industry before any mutual cooperation in industrial fields can be

Later at a meeting with Information Minister Ma'n Abu Nowar, the Cuban official said that his country wanted to open new channels in its relations with Jordan to strengthen ties of friendship between the Jordanian

and Cuban people. Mr. Preitto discussed with Dr Abu Nowar the latest political and economic developments in Cuba and the Cuban leadership's concept of promoting ties with the Arab World. Dr. Abu Nowar outlined Jordan's principled stand with friendly countries, stressing that the Kingdom was striving to build

bridges of understanding with all

Following the meeting, Mr. Preitto said he was deeply satisfied with his talks with Jordanian

He said Cuba hoped to see Amman and Havana coordinating their stands at international

Ministry to allow 1mport of per cent of the female high school supplies

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Supply has agreed to allow the private sector to import most food supplies, except a select few which are imported by the ministry, to ensure their constant presence in the markets, according to Minister of Supply Radi Ibra-

Mr. Ibrahim said the ministry would continue to import olive oil, lentils and frozen chicken in order to meet the market's demand as well as provide protection to local producers of these commodities as the ministry resorts to importing these items only when a shortage occurs.

The minister, who Saturday was commenting on demands by the Chambers of Commerce and Industry to allow the private sector to have a free hand in importing food supplies, said the door is open for merchants to import most of the foodstuffs without restrictions.

The ministry has been importing and selling sugar in the local market and is now willing to examine the prospect of allowing the private sector to import brown sugar for indust-rial and food processing purposes, said the minister.

Mr. Ibrahim said white sugar is still subsidised by the government and the Ministry of Supply will remain responsible for its import.

Referring to a recent memorandum he received from the Chamber of Industry requesting that the ministry shorten its own list of imported commodities, Mr. Ibrahim said a committee has been formed to revise the list in order to float related prices and allow the private sector to import many items listed therein on condition that limited-income groups and poor families are not harmed by the measure.

On the imports of the Civil Service Consumer markets, the minister said that only commodities which are not produced in Jordan are imported.

He said the ministry gives priority to locally produced commodities to meet the requirements of these markets.

12,079 students to be accepted at vocational training schools AMMAN (Petra) — This year

the Ministry of Education will accept 12,079 students in the various vocational training institutions run by the ministry, according to Ali Nasrallah, director of Vocational Training at the minis-

Mr. Nasrallah said that these students will be enrolled at the ministry's industrial, commercial, agricultural, nursing, hotel man-agement, dressmaking and hair-dressing schools in various parts of the Kingdom.

He said under the new plan 36.2 per cent of the male and 21.6 students will be receiving vocational training.

These schools, known as comprehensive schools, offer academic courses as well as vocational training, according to Mr. This year there has been a

great demand to join the compre-

courses through an awareness

hensive schools, added Mr. Nas-He said the schools are located in Amman, Irbid, Zarqa and the

The ministry is encouraging more students to enroll in these

programme conducted at schools in the various governorates, Mr. Nasraliah explained.

At the same time, he said, the ministry has organised courses for trainers in such fields as commerce, maintenance of office equipment and electronic machinery, welding, tools, agriculture, industry and dressmak-

Last summer, 300 trainers be-nefitted from these courses, added Mr. Nasrallah.

He said selected numbers of trainers receive advanced training in Ireland, Germany and Italy.

most food Strict rules keep Jordan free of infectious animal diseases

AMMAN (Petra) - Strict said. quarantine regulations and regular campaigns to combat animal diseases have made Jordan completely free of any infectious animal diseases, according to Mohammad Kilani, director of the Ministry of Agriculture's

Veterinary Services Department. Dr. Kilani Saturday said animal diseases which affect cattle and sheep are prevalent in some African countries and neighbouring Arab states, but the department was maintaining a continuous drive on all fronts, using pesti-cides and veterinary medicines, to prevent any infection among the animals in Jordan.

There are eight quarantine centres along the Jordanian borders which control all incoming animals and provides the necessary veterinary services, Dr. Kilani

He said Jordan is an importer of live sheep and its territory serves as a transit for animals being transported to and from neighbouring countries, and the department is especially vigilant in preventing infected animals

from entering Jordan, said Dr.

Kilani. In addition, the department maintains 39 branch quarantine centres around the country, providing veterinary services. Dr. Kilani added. Referring to horses in Jordan,

Dr. Kilani stressed he received no report about any infection among them and said horses constitute part of the Kingdom's animal wealth and receive the depart-

ment's full attention, He explained that the department has been also able to con-

trol diseases affecting poultry, despite the huge poultry farming industry in Jordan. He said all veterinary medications are distributed free of charge through the department's centres and branch centres in

> Dr. Kilani added that the department's Centre for Veterinary Vaccine, which was set up with help from Germany, sufficiently provides the Kingdom with its needs for veterinary vaccines, leaving a significant surplus for

He said the centre, established in cooperation with the German Agency for Technical Development, produces millions of doses of veterinary vaccines for cattle. sheep and poultry.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS Art exhibition by Munther

Al Ma'ani at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Art exhibition by Egyptian artist H. Bikar at the Balga? Art Gallery in Puheis. ★ Thirty paintings by Amor

Aouens and Salam Kanaan at the Alia Art Gallery. New art gallery, "Darat Al Funum," of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation. Programme includes the perma-

"Chair" exhibition in Jabai Luweibdeh. Exhibition of paintings by Jordanian artist Bishara Najjar at Eshbelia Art Gallery, Amra Shopping Centre.

nent exhibition and the

FILMS

The Gay Divorcee" at the American Centre at 6:00 p.m.

Jordanian products attract thousands in Damascus

DAMASCUS (Petra) - More than two million people have visited the Jordanian pavilion at the Damascus International Fair over the last three weeks, according to the pavilion director, Mustafa Khreisat.

He said Saturday that among the visitors were hundreds of business persons, merchants and industrialists from several Arab states who expressed interest in concluding purchase contracts with Jordanian industrial firms.

Jordan is displaying a variety of locally produced commodities,

mostly industrial products. According to Mr. Khreisat, numerous Syrian officials including the minister of external trade were among the visitors who said they were impressed by the high quality of Jordan's products.

The Kingdom has been a constant participant in the Damascus International Fair which is held

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The dictates of power

THERE ARE many people around who are truly unhappy about the fact that the concessions the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) made in order to win the recognition of Israel far exceed those which Israel made in return for the organisation's recognition of the Jewish state's right to exist. But that the terms of the agreement were dictated by a regional and international balance of power that left the PLO with no better choice is a powerful argument that both opponents and proponents of the agreement should not

The mutual recognition is an act of realpolitik by politicians who seem to have come to realise that idealism will get them nowhere.

The collapse of the Soviet Union and the Gulf crisis and war have deeply weakened the Arab bargaining posture and left the Palestinian side with no viable alternative to reaching peace with Israel on the offered

Beyond its historical significance, the recognition does in fact strike us as a deal in which there was clear disparity between what the PLO has yielded to Israel and what the Rabin government has in turn conceded to the Palestinians. The most serious flaw in the deal could be the fact that the Palestinian recognition of the state of Israel was not contingent on defining "Israel" within its recognised borders. While it is true that the reference in PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's letter to the Israeli prime minister to U.N. Security Council Resolution 242 may redress this omission, it nevertheless does not allay our fears and anxieties about the Jewish state's territorial ambitions.

There is no doubt that the Palestinian side would have wished for a clearer wording on the extent of Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories. But since the balance of power is heavily tipped in favour of Israel, such a wish was simply unattainable. All those who condemn the PLO's concessions on this and other issues must keep in mind the regional situation that developed in the aftermath of the Gulf war and the demise of the Eastern bloc.

The countries that aborted Arab efforts to avoid a military conflict in Arab Gulf region following the Iraqi invasion and occupation of Kuwait must realise by now that their action has so weakened the Arab's, especially the Palestinian's, bargaining position to the extent that it has not been possible to fare any better in the deal with Israel. The Arabs among those countries. in particular have to feel some pain at what happened, unless they themselves planned and schemed to bring about such conclusion to Palestinian aspirations for an honourable settlement with the Israelis.

But despite the concessions it had to make, the ?LO achieved for itself what it has always strived for: Recognition from its arch enemy Israel and, by extension, the United States of America.

This is a double-edged win and the Palestinian people might have to pay an extra price for the PLO's gain. And since it is they who would ultimately have to live with the consequences of the political dealing and wheeling of the PLO and Israel, the free consent of the Palestinian people should be the final arbiter of the accord. No other party has the prerogative to pass a judgement on it except to the extent that the accord may affect it. Any thing more than that should be left to the Palestinians themselves to pass judgement on.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

THE MUTUAL recognition between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel opens the way for the two sides to implement the autonomy rule, said Al Dustour Arabic daily Saturday. It is clear that the Palestinian issue is now entering a new crucial phase of its history, a phase that is full of complexities requiring continued efforts and a lot of patience, but most importantly, good intentions as to the objectives of the agreement, said the daily. It should be emphasised here that the mutual recognition constitutes no more than a first step. A final solution for the Palestine question would take a very long time to be attained, continued the daily. The PLO is optimistic that this first step will eventually lead to the regaining of all the occupied Arab lands and holy places and the recognition of the rights of the Palestinian people, said the paper. What the Arab masses fear, though, is that the PLO-Israeli deal would be implemented at the expense of Jerusalem, the paper pointed out. The Arabs also fear that the deal would weaken the coordination of Arab states involved in the peace process with Israel and render the Arab parties in total disarray, it added. The paper cited His Royal Highness Prince Hassan's words Friday in which he warned that as Arab Nation is passing through a very serious phase of its history, there is need for national unity and keenness on safeguarding Arab Nation's united stand. This, the paper added is a requirement to ensure the protection of Arab identity and Arab rights in Palestine.

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily Saturday voiced reservations about the PLO-Israeli deal, saying that the Israeli Labour Party has never changed its own version of interpreting U.N. Security Council Resolution 242. Tareq Masarweh said that we rejoice lover the PLO's achievement but cannot trust the Israelis and are not sure about their real intentions. Furthermore, the writer said. while the PLO has recognised Israel, the Jewish state has never defined its borders; and has recognised the PLO and not the rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland. It is also to be noted. said the writer, that the PLO-Israeli deal has been endorsed by the Gulf states. Furope the USA and the United Nations as well at the Organisation of Islamic Conference in Jeddah before the approval of the PLO executive committee.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

Jordan's role in the Middle East should not be marginalised

WHEN a foreign journalist asked the sensitive question about the possible marginalisation of Jordan after the Israeli-Palestinian self-rule deal, he did not mean that Jordan may become less important in the eyes of the Jordanians or the historians as one colleague thought. Rather, he was refering to a diminishing role and less ability to influence the course of events in the region, the yardstick being the Arab-Israeli conflict and the outcome of the

At one time, we, Jordanians, claimed that there could be no war or peace with Israel without Jordan: No war due to geographic facts and no peace due to political and demographic facts. Perhaps we were absolutely right, because that is what the geopolitical situation of Jordan suggests. We have only ourselves to blame if we did not play our cards right and did not put them on the table as real and practical options if and when the circumstances called for exercising any. Instead, we declared or implied our intentions not to play our cards nor to exercise any of our options. No wonder that a major Arab-Israeli war was planned and waged without involving Jordan, (1973), and a major peaceful breakthrough between the PLO and Israel was reached without even informing Jordan, (1993). In both cases, we were taken by surprise and lagging behind events; yet volunteered to provide our unconditional support, after a short period of hesitation and mauba support. hesitation and maybe even some confusion.

The war of 1973 and the peace of 1993 took place behind our backs and without consultation with us or giving us advance information. The reasons behind this improper behaviour on behalf of our Arab brothers are that we have been perceived as nice guys who accept anything and do not use their cards and because Jordan adopts a policy of inaction until the dust settles and the picture becomes clear.

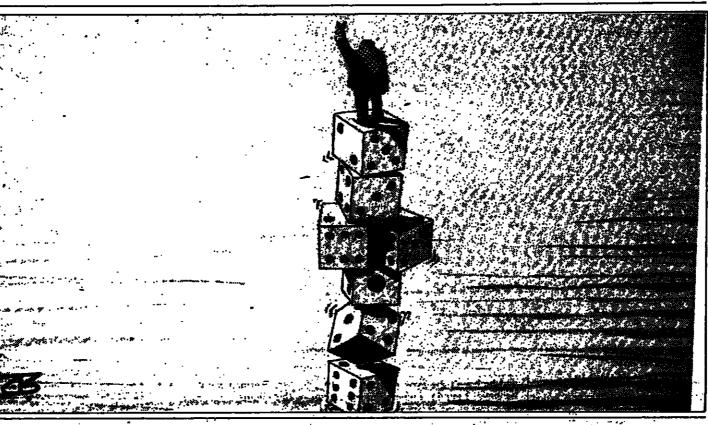
Unfortunately, when the dust settles and the picture becomes clear, the game is usually almost over, and we have a bag filled with responsibilities to shoulder and nothing else. In fact, we have allowed others to assume that we can be taken for granted and will do nothing to face the challenges of the new state of affairs.

Those who transgress Jordan are betting that it will swallow the bullet and suffer in silence, as usual, in order not to jeopardise its good relations with this or that player, be the Americans, Europeans, Arabs, or Palestinians. We deal with each party as if we need them all and no one of them needs us, and therefore we cannot risk provoking anyone.

Like the foreign journalist, I also worry about the possible marginalisation of our country if we continue to volunteer to give up our legitimate role and accept solutions to major issues to take place behind our backs, without having the opportunity to participate in the process or to influence the outcome and, in the process, allow others to take us for a ride.

This situation is serious and should not be tolerated. No responsible government should accept it. Jordan owns plenty of economic, political and logistical cards that are crucial to Israel, the PLO, United States and all concerned parties. Jordan can act

We should issue the proper signals that we do have the political will to act and protect our national interest and that we may use all our cards to protect our interests. Those who lose their role will definitely be marginalised and may lose their meaningful



Irony for U.S. in Mideast peace-signing

By Carol Giacozno

WASHINGTON — For the United States, there will be no small irony in Monday's gala White House ceremony to sign the historic Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel agreement on Palestinian self-rule.

It has long assumed that no significant breakthrough in Middle East peace was possible without the direct involvement of the United States and its president.

But here is a breathtaking accord foreseeing Palestinian self-rule over the Gaza Strip and West Bank, achieved through the determination of Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO leader Yasser Arafat - and the mediation of Norway.

The United States until recently was unaware of the secret talks that produced the accord and did

not take part in the_drafting, although senior officials were asked their judgement and made at least one specific suggestion.

U.S. President Bill Clinton will be centre stage at the White House celebration even though he avoided the personal and political risk and involvement in the Middle East of some predeces-

Some analysts say the sideline role is an embarrassment to the United States and a sign the Palestine Liberation Organisation and Israel were forced to use a back channel because they did not have much confidence in Mr. Clinton — a foreign policy novice more interested in domestic affairs — or Secretary of State

step had to be taken by Israel

and the Palestine Liberation

signal to Israel. The United

States will long remain a friend

— even a last-ditch protector.

But it no longer needs Israel as a vital ally amid adversaries.

And Americans, someday

soon, may decide they no lon-

ger need to send the Jewish

state \$3 billion a year in aid.

harder for stability, peace,

Israel's only choice: Work

Across the divide, the

emerging new world put the

PLO under even more press-

ure. The Soviet collapse strip-

ped the Arab parties to the

conflict of a superpower sup-

port. And then the Gulf war

stripped the PLO of still more

friends — the Arab oil states

— because leader Yasser Ara-

fat was seen to have cast his lot

Mr. Arafat was besieged

from the rear, too, by Palesti-

The cold war's end was a

Organisation.

Nevertheless, while initial reaction has focused on how the United States was a spectator inthe PLO-Israel breakthrough. most experts say it would be a mistake to ignore America's une-qualled role in helping to create a context in which the deal could be

The United States has been the only catalyst that was effec-tive," Mideast expert Bernard Reich told Reuters.

"The Norwegians were primarily the provider of good offices, a place for the parties to meet," said Mr. Reich, of George Washington University. "But they didn't generate the process. We generated the process ... We brought the parties together, we kept them together, we pushed them along.

Experts say the peace agree-ment resonates heavily of ideas and language either proposed by

the United States or developed by the parties during two years of Washington-led peace talks. Former President George Bush and his secretary of state, James Baker, set the current process in

They capitalised on communism's fall by enlisting Moscow's support in the Gulf war and getting the Russians to cosponsor direct talks between Israel and its adversaries — Palestinians, Jordan, Lebanon and Syria.

Mr. Bush risked ties with Israel and the powerful American Jewish community by threatening to withhold housing loans if Israel did not stop settlement of occupied Arab lands. In Arab eyes, that added credibility to the U.S. peacemaking role.

Still, many experts said the talks would never happen or would soon disintegrate.

A dilemma for the **Arabs of Nazareth**

By Robert Fisk

"IT IS the beginning of Palesti-nian independence," the Israeli reservist aumounced after he had hitched a ride in my car to Nazareth. "I live on a settlement in Samaria — in what you call occupied territory — and my parents think the same. Arafar is going to get a state. My parents will probably stay where they are. Maybe I'll leave for somewhere else in Israel." And when we reached Nazareth, the 20 pearreached Nazareth, the 20-yearold soldier clambered out with his. assault rifle and walked past the Arab shops to the gate of his base. Not one of the shopkeepers would have disagreed with him.

For if those Palestinians who do not fall under the Gaza-Jericho autonomy plan remain deeply suspicious of, if not hostile to Yasser Arafat's new rule, the Israeli Arabs of Nazareth have no such qualms. "It is the start, the beginning, the best thing we have heard in 45 years," the local optician proclaimed as he sat below the old Hotel Royal. The men in the barber's shop said the same. "Everything the Palesti-nians did until now was a mistake," a soap-sudded customer shouted. "Arafat has done something right for a change."

Palestinian. How strange the word sounds here in Nazareth, how uneasily the restaurant owners and merchants and souvenir sellers react to the word. For Israel's Arabs, as David Grossman says, have learned to stand still on a tightrope, between Israeli and Arab suspicion, citizens of Israel whose hearts swell with hope for a Palestinian state without wishing to live in it. As Naif Fahoum puts it in his snack bar, "I'm one of those people who all the time think about things without feeling 'I am a Palestinian' or 'I am Jewish'. I am Arab, yes, and I am from Nazareth. I am one of those who has struggled longest for our dignity — because I didn't leave my land, I didn't end up in Lebanon or Syria or Jordan. I stayed on in my home."

To a man — and a woman they said yesterday that they would remain in Nazareth, that they would keep their Israeli passports, that they did not wish to transfer their allegiance to any Arafat state. Take Naif Fahoum's cousin Afu, sitting in his electrical store just below the Church of the Annunciation — whether this was lesus's home town is still debated among scholars — watching the tourists pouring off the buses. "In 1948, the Israelis took many of our lands. They took 15,000 of my family's 20,000 dunums of land. Many of our family fled. One of them is living in Chatila camp in Beirut. Another is Khaled Fahoum who was head of the PLO's 'parliament' and lives in Damascus. But we stayed on here. And we suffered from both sides - from Arab and Israeli who at various times both called us traitors. But I was born here,

my roots are here.' Afu Fahoum believes that a PLO-Israeli agreement will ease the lot of the 585,000 Arabs who hold Israeli citizenship. "When we leave the airport,

they still treat us differently, despite our passports," he says. We can't buy new farms without special permission. We can't work in big important factories. We can't buy newly built villas in certain areas. We are watched. We are not equal, despite our passports. But if the PLO and

Israel can work their relations then things will get better for as. We have suffered in the past and we deserve a better life."

The Fahoums owned land in the village of Ndour which was destroyed by the Israelis in 1948 - the settlement of Ain Done Vidarat now stands on the site and Aft: Fahoum and his brother Tariq often drive past the ghost village. "I feel such sadness when I do that," he says. "Many of on elderly relatives are allowed to come from Jordan to visit and they go there, too, to what was Ndour, to see the stones of the houses where they once lived. We don't forget, you see. If we forget

our land, we are not men."
Naif Fahoum has worked our his position with a fine logic. "I always ask myself one question; can the Palestinians destroy the Jews? And the answer is no. And then I ask: can the Jews destroy the Palestinians? And again, the answer is negative. So there a only one solution -- which is, has me, a fact which we realised 30 years ago, when we were at his accepted here by the Israelis: that two, peoples are supposed to live

In the years after their 1948 defeat, the Arabs who remained in that part of Palestine which became Israel were put under military rule. Many were deported while Israel confiscated thousands of acres of their land in a repression which Israeli civil rights workers now say should never have been imposed. There are claims here which might resurface in a generation or two even earlier. According to Afu Fahoum, another cousin — Izzat — fled Nazareth in 1948 but managed to return in 1952, only to find that his home had been

confiscated by the Israeli authorities. He rented it for several years and then, after 25 years, finally bought his own house back, having already paid for it once before, under the British

But the population of Nazareth, while they want fore-PLO - to acknowledge their suffering, recognise that the Israel of 1993 is not the Israel of 1948 or 1952. It is the question of identity, however, which they still find hard to answer — even if they know what the answer is. "I can't believe in names," Naif Fahoum says. "I would never ask for a Palestinian passport. I have an Israeli passport. I am going to keep it. My identity is my roots. We have suffered here and

He used the word "our" for the Fahoum family. Did he feel Israel was "his" country? He laughed. "Look, first I am an Arab ---Palestine, Lebanon, Jordan and Syria were all created by Western countries. In 1944, when I was born, everyone here - Arab and Jew — was a Palestinian. I still have my father's old electricity bills with "Government of Palestine" on the top in Arabic and Hebrew. It is our future to live together, whether we like it or not. We must not be afraid of each other - because there is no

other way. "You ask what I am. I say this: Nazareth is my homeland." Naif Fahoum feels that something else is called for.

"If all the Arab World, including the PLO ... tell Israel they recognise her behind her 1967 frontiers, then I am an Israeli Arab" — The Independent.

PLO-Israel agreement natural step in historic four years Though 'untidy' and 'explosive' the deal is However untidy, however

The Associated Press

ONCE AGAIN, the rush of headlines is writing history by the hour. Once again, the lion and the lamb are lying down together — or at least sending each other friendly faxes.

This time it's the Middle East, latest chapter in the condensed version of an epoch, four years in which Commun-ism has lifted its grip on the East, nuclear powers have begun discarding their weapons, peace has won its chance in wars from Afgbanistan to Ethiopia to El Salvador.

But even the most euphoric Israelis and Palestinians know their chapter remains largely unwritten. The hard and dangerous part is yet to come. The wall tumbling down in Jericho is no Berlin wall.

This week's breakthrough in secret Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)-Israel talks fit neatly into a parade of rapid-fire surprises:

The overnight collapse of Eastern Europe's Communist states in 1989. Nelson Mandela's release and the promise of racial justice in South Africa in 1990. The Soviet Union's disintegration in 1991. The historic nuclear arms treaty of 1992. Peace in Nicaragua, Cambodia and points between. Democra-

major move towards peace in the Middle East cy in unlikely lands. A global fighting both Israel and the army crushing a single aggre-PLO mainstream. He had to act fast, to come up with some-In a way, the natural next

Israeli-occupied West Bank, the plan allows only a weak Palestinian role immediately. and envisions negotiations thing to show for his "moderawithin three years to discuss its long-term — and vague —

The result: A terse Israeli

"The new agreement does not deal

with 1 million Palestinian refugees in Jordan, Syria and elsewhere. They want their homes back, some in Haifa, Jaffa and other towns in Israel. They still have the front-door keys."

statement accepting the PLO as a negotiating partner, and a plan that offers more uncertain prospects than concrete Israeli

The Palestinians get substantial self-rule in Gaza, an overcrowded, dirt-poor strip of land bordering Egypt. and in Jericho, a dusty town near Jordan. As for the rest of the

It was an untidy deal. Mr. Arafat barely won approval from the PLO Executive Committee. Long-time PLO friends walked out on him. Israel doesn't recongise a Palestinian right to statehood. And Israel had to settle for less than a guarantee from the governing Palestinian National

Council that it would formally

with a secular one. Longer-range challenges loom larger still:

— The new agreement doesn't deal with 1 million Palestinian refugees in Jordan, Syria and elsewhere. They want their homes back, some in Haifa, Jaffa and other towns in Israel. They still have the front-door keys.

- The 120,000 Jewish settlers in the West Bank will resist encroachment by a Palestinian authority. Any imposed sharing of land and water rights will fire up hostilities.

- The powerful Israeli right wing will work as never before to inflame opinion against Israel's Labour government as it pursues its talks with the

- The agreement doesn't tough the most explosive question of all, Jerusalem. Israelis want to keep the entire holy city as their capital. But Jerudem is holy to Muslims and Christians, too, and many of them will stir religious fervour even more over Israel's blank-

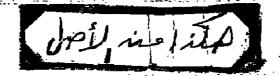
explosive, the deal being signed Monday in Washington remains historic, a major step toward an Israeli-Palestinian peace. It simply carries with it, as Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin put it, "not a few risks.

Just like all the recent breakthroughs in world politics. The disintegration of the Soviet Union, for example, has produced ethnic wars in its smaller ex-republics, and threatens new political upheav-als in Russia itself. The move toward multiracial democracy in South Africa may lead to civil war between blacks. The death of Communism helped bring on the tragedy of Yugos-

History didn't "end" with the end of Communism, as a scholar suggested. It merely resumed, in all its unpredictability, after the frozen years of cold war impasse.

Now history, or one chapter of it, must be written by Israelis and Palestinians, Will they put down their rifles and stones, put away their bulldozers and bombs? The holy Koran is clear: "If the enemy incline towards peace, do thou also incline towards peace, and trust in God."

But these lions and lambs must eventually learn to trust in each other, too.



In the end, Arafat won — but it was tough going in Tunis



By Mona Ziade The Associated Press

TUNIS - With 259 words typed on a sheet of Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) stationery, a bone-weary but elated Yasser Arafat renounced violence and opened the way to end nearly a half-century of bloodshed be-tween Palestinians and Israelis.

But the angry, unwritten exchanges between him and his own lieutenants during the long private hours before that historic act underline the perils that peace

Answering Mr. Arafat's letter Thursday on behalf of the PLO, Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin agreed to recognise the movement, his country's mortal foe for the last three decades. Mr. Rabin has his own hardliners to contend with. He signed early

The pact took months of secret meetings in a host of countries to

But the dramatic last 48 hours took place inside PLO headquarters, a nondescript Arabesque villa in the Yoghourthe suburb of Tunis where the organisation's Executive Committee gathered. Participants, speaking on condition of anonymity, gave an

account of what transpired. Outside, armed Tunisian and Palestinian bodyguards stood outside the fenced gardens around the three-storey, stone villa, eyeing cars zigzagging through barbed-wire barriers on the two-lane street.

Inside, in a first-floor, greencarpeted, conference room, the council meeting commenced at 10 a.m. Wednesday. The timing was unusually early for the PLO leadership. Mr. Arafat invariably starts his meetings late at night. For the first few hours, Mr.

Arafat was not there. He was finishing a sweep of Arab capitals drumming up support for a plan that starts with limited self-rule for Jericho and the turbulent Gaza Strip, a cauldron of resistance to Israel's 26-year occupation. The recognition agreement with Israel was needed for the self-rule plan.

At 5 p.m. Mr. Arafat arrived in Tunis, wearing his usual green fatigues, his pistol on his hip, his trademark black-and-white checkered kaffiyeh headdress covering his bald head.

He took his piace at the head of the U-shaped table and set up a telephone link with Paris, where trusted adviser Ahmad Qurei'a was negotiating the final lan-

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AP) — As a soldier policing the occupied Gaza Strip, Kalman

Berman would sometimes climb

up telephone poles and out onto

rooftops to pull down outlawed

He came home to find the

family flag business planning to

produce tens of thousands of

"It makes me feel very bad. It

them in preparation for peace.

didn't argue very hard against it. I

ness," Mr. Kalman, 21, said

Thursday during a tour of the

two-room flag business in down-

But his father, Issac, took a

wars, so I want change,"

elder Bennan said.

know it's work. Business is busi-

Palestinian flags.

Israeli flagmaker receives

Mr. Arafat kept the line open the next eight hours.

At the table Mr. Arafat could count on three men: Yasser Abed-Rabbo, his information chief and longtime advocate of dialogue with Israel; Mahmoud Abbas, the PLO's number two official; and Jawid Ghossein, head of the Palestine National Fund, the PLO's "finance

Five of the 18 committee members were missing, they had resigned or were boycotting the

Five who were there were bitterly opposed to him and were to be swayed. They were Farouk Kaddoumi, the PLO's "foreign minister," Mahmoud Ismail, Abdullah Hourani, Ali Ishaq, and Mr. Kaddonmi's close friend, Jamal Sourani.

Mr. Arafat needed to win over four others — Suleiman Najjab, Samir Ghosheh, Mohammad Zahdi Nashashibi and Yasser Putting on his reading specta-

cles, Mr. Arafat joined the heated debate. Almost immediately, the argument grew hotter. Mr. Kaddoumi and his group berated him for his willingness to formally renounce armed

They argued that was tanta-mount to admitting that the PLO was a "terrorist" group, as the Israelis had always branded it, and was now changing its sourse. Then came the explosive subject of whether Mr. Arafat should agree to call for a halt to the nearly six-year-old Palestinian uprising against Israel in the occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip.
The silver-haired Kaddoumi, one of the PLO's old guard, conservative leaders, objected chemently.

That contravenes the basic commitment we have made to our people to keep up the struggle until the liberation of Palestine," he later said. At 1 a.m. Thursday, with no-thing decided and the fate of Mr.

Arafat's plan still hanging in the balance, the meeting broke up.
The PLO leaders got into their black BMWs and dark blue Mercedes limousines, all with tinted

windows, and drove off. At 10 a.m. Thursday, Mr. Arafat, Mr. Abbas and Mr. Abed-Rabbo met with Mr. Kaddonmi for five hours, trying to win him

Around 3 p.m. a grim-faced Kaddoumi, wearing a blue safari suit and leaning on a walking stick, left the meeting. He re-

The others went to Tunis airport to greet Norwegian Foreign Minister Johan Jorgen Holst a key mediator in Mr. Arafat's secret talks with Israel. He was arriving to witness Mr. Arafat's

signing of the letter.

Just after 5 p.m., the meeting resumed. Mr. Kaddoumi was not

Several committee members argued that stopping the uprising would strip the PLO of its last bargaining chip if Israel reneged on proposed Palestinian self-rule.

But Mr. Arafat, stubborn as ever, held his ground. The little the Israelis were offering was better than nothing and the offer might never come again, he A snag arose: Annulling

clauses in the PLO's 1968 charter calling for destroying Israel and establishing an Arab state in all of pre-1948 Palestine, as defined by the British mandate, could not legally be done without the approval of the Palestine National Council, the 468-seat Palestimian partiament-in-exile.

The proposed solution: A promise in the letter to Mr. Rabin to convene the PNC to ratify the decision later. In return, Mr. Arafat's opponents would accept

a renunciation of violence. Unacceptable, Israel said through its negotiators in Paris. Nothing short of a full commitment would do.

Mr. Arafat's voice grew hoarse. After six more hours of fierce debate, his patience grew short. He demanded a vote.

Mr. Najjab and the other three middle-grounders caved in. They backed Mr. Arafat. It gave him eight votes, Mr. Ismail, Mr. Hourani and Mr. Ishaq voted against. Mr. Sourani abstained. At 11:15 p.m., Mr. Abed-Rabbo, pale and clearly exhausted, emerged from the villa.

He stood in a late-night drizzle coming in off the Mediterranean as he solemnly announced the out-come. Mr. Arafat had won. Mr. Holst would carry the letter to Mr. Rabin.

After Mr. Abed-Rabbo's announcement, Mr. Arafat signed the document that could end one of the world's most intractable conflicts.

It was 15 minutes to midnight. There was no elation. Everyone was too tired - unlike the visibly excited Arafat who appeared some time later.

"I have signed. I have signed the letter," he declared, struggling to mask his exhaustion be-hind a broad victory smile.

been a bachelor until age 60,

there are habits you can't

change," Mrs. Arafat told Ms. Avrech. "He even darns his own

socks and sews on buttons. He

the PLO chairman: He cooks rice

better than his wife does, he

keeps the television tuned into

CNN, (except when he breaks for

Mickey Mouse or a Western).

conjugal times are saved for the

afternoon siesta, as Mr. Arafat

usually works until five in the

Not all was bliss in the Arafat

"We fight," Mrs. Arafat admitted. And the West Bank born Christian missed her former life

as Süha Tawil, a student in Paris

who liked to party until the small

hours. She keeps her bathroom

filled with French perfumes as a

reminder of more anonymous

Mr. Arafat, who described

himself as a feminist, would not

permit Yedioth to photograph, his

wife in his office. "I never allow

her to be photographed in my

office, so people won't think she

interferes... in my work," he said.

however, permitted to pose in the

master bedroom, standing next to

her husband's freshly pressed uni-

forms, lying on the bed next to his

The elegant Mrs. Arafat was,

days, Ms. Avrech reported.

morning.

Other domestic insights into

sews better than I do."

Jordan backs all moves that serve Arab rights

(Continued from page 1)

Answering questions from the andience, the Crown Prince made the following points: Jordan's fundamental approach is based on peace

through dialogue. At the same time, its security and stability are very important. Any state of chaos in any of its flanks will have direct bearing on Jordan and the Kingdom's con-'cerns to ensure national security

rare reflected on its policies and approsches. Jordan has always been the first to demand that the suffering of the Palestinian people be ended and their rights restored. "We hope that the Gaza/ Jericho first agreement will be a beginning and will pave the way for it...," the Regent said. "We are with all that supports the

Arab right in Palestine..." "We in Jordan were the first to work and sacrifice for the crystaldisation of the Palestinian identity. Jordan hosted the first Palestimian National Council held in

Jerusalem... Jordan did not interfere Palestinian affairs, he said. Nor did it meddle with Palestinian politics. It responded to the resolution adopted by the 1974 Arab summit held in Rabat, in response to Arab wishes and the

demands of the PLO, to endorse the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian

Jordan, which severed all administrative and legal ties with the West Bank in 1988, offered the umbrella of a joint delegation to facilitate Palestinian participation in the peace process launched in Madrid in October 1991. All these moves came in support of Jordan's efforts to support the Palestinian identity, he said.

In reply to a question of proposed economic development plans in the occupied territories, the Crown Prince noted that Jordan was not like other countries which remained just a host country for Palestinian refugees. "Jordan had suffered from the impact of the influx of refugees several times, starting with 1948, 1967 and the latest wave (from the Gulf following the Gulf crisis)."

"The national character of Jor-

dan, as emphasised by His Majes-ty the King, demands that Jordanians of all origins be part of the international effort amounced in the context of development," he should target those who have actually suffered from the crises of the Middle East, he said.

The Regent said it was not

the first place and has colonised the West Bank and Gaza Strip economically, be the conduit for such development. "This is a right of the region," he empha-

> On Jerusalem the Regent said Jordan would not give up the cause of the Holy City, "which touches our hearts. History and sovereignty over it concerns

> "Jordan gave up sovereignty over the West Bank in response to the legal dimensions of U.N. resolutions which defined it as occupied territory and in re-sponse to the Arab will in Rabat and the insistence of the PLO," he said. "When it did so, it was with the clear objective of handing over sovereignty to the stinians and not to allow Israel to benefit from it."

The Regent, in reply to a ques-tion on Jordan's options over the bridges linking the East and West-Bank of River Jordan, said it was Jordan's policy to ensure that the Palestinians living in the occupied territories have access to the out-

option of closing the bridges only in the event of an Israeliengineered forced migration of acceptable that Israel, which cre- Palestinians from the occupied ated the Middle East problem in territories, he said.

Bassam Abu Sharif, a close

Arafat confidant and top political

In 1977, when he first heard on television that Egyptian President occupied Jerusalem in a dramatic The Kingdom will exercise its peace gesture, Mr. Berman produced 1,000 Egyptian flags. When the Israeli foreign ministry called several days later to place an order, he was ready.

But Mr. Berman said he'd make the Palestinian flags with mixed feelings because "the PLO has been our big enemy."

Such ambiguity has been running through Israeli society since the announcement two weeks ago of an agreement between Israel and the PLO on Palestinian autonomy in the occupied lands.

orders for Palestinian flags Mr. Berman's wife, Hadassah, said that soon after the news came out she received orders from abroad for Palestinian flags from people who remembered

the couple's head start on the Egyptian banners. But the couple also fielded several calls from Israelis opposed to the decision to make

the Palestinian flags.
"When they read about it in the newspaper, people started makes me feel all of my work in phoning and saying, 'you the army was for nothing. I myself will not make them, but I shouldn't do it, it's not good, it will bring the recognition of a Palestinian state," said Mrs.

Berman. Mr. Berman said he had received orders for more than 12,000 Palestinian flags. He said several people walked into his broader view. "My son is a boy and he hasn't the experience that we have. I am 45, I have seen six shop on Wednesday and ordered 19,000. Mr. Berman would not identify the clients.

Mr. Berman has spent the past two days seeking permission from the foreign ministry to make the flags, but has encountered confusion. "Nobody knows if it or not," he said. One of his conversation with

the foreign ministry reflects the Israeli ambivalence.

"They said, 'You can make them, but if you supply any ter-rorist organisation, you risk an offense.' So I said, how come it's not an offence to sign an agree-ment with them?" They said, 'it is, but nobody can prosecute for that.' So I said, what happens Monday if they sign the agreement?" they said, 'Monday we will have a new position'.

Did Rabin and Arafat meet in France?

PARIŚ (R) - Did Yitzhak Rabin and Yasser Arafat meet secretly in a Paris hotel on July 1? The answer seems to be maybe.

Valerie Zenati, a reporter for the French Jewish community's radio Communaute Judaique, says she saw the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman outside the Israeli prime minister's suite at the Hotel Crillon during Mr. Rabin's official visit to France.

Mr. Rabin brushed off the report as "rubbish" and Israeli officials said he had a full schedule of appointments with French ministers and journalists that day. "Anyway, who cares now?" said one Israeli official.

The Jewish state and its longtime enemy formally recognised each other on Friday and will sign an agreement on Palestinian selfin the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area on Monday after months of secret negotiations in Norway.

French foreign ministry spokesman Richard Duque lent credibility to Ms. Zenati's report. He refused to confirm or deny that Mr. Arafat was in Paris on July 1.

Ms. Zenati said she spotted Mr. Arafat by chance while on her way to Mr. Rabin's hotel suite to speak to his chief aide. "Arafat and Bassam Abu Sharif (a close aide of Mr. Arafat) were walking towards Rabin's suite surrounded by body-

guards," she said. "I absolutely recognised Arafat although he was not dressed as usual. He was wearing a suit, a tie, dark glasses and was barheaded. But it was him."

She told French newspapers that Israeli security men had threatened her and told her not to disclose the meeting.

Mr. Duque said a person like Mr. Arafat could not visit France without the foreign ministry's knowledge.

Asked whether the PLO chief had been in Paris on that day, he said: "I have no comment to make on that... it's not up to me to give indications on that sub-

Meet Arafat — chef, darner, and PLO chief

TEL AVIV (AP) — He likes Mickey Mouse and Westerns and a good laugh. He cooks a mean rice pilaf. He calls himself a feminist — and even dams socks.

This is no personals ad, this is Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, once reviled by Israelis as the symbol of terror, in a profile published Friday in Israel's largest circulation daily, Yedioth Ahronoth.

The profile — complete with photo of Mr. Arafat munching lunch and chatting on a cordless phone — appeared the same day of the historic mutual recognition of Israel and the PLO.

Yedioth's gossip columnist, Mira Avrech, went to Tunis to capture the domestic Arafat.

Israelis are curious about the prospects of being Mr. Arafat's neighbour, now that he has declared his intention to set up shop ki the Gaza Sump areas where Palestinians will receive self-rule under the new

Ms. Avrech asked Mr. Arafat if he regretted any part the bloody struggle. "Nothing," he replied.

PLO figures, once banned from Israel TV screens, are now regular talk-show fare. Israeli reporters are tracking down insights in Tunis, the site of the PLO headonarters.

Ms. Avrech marvelled at the sense of humour and the "incessant lovesickness for his wife" of the man who was once the "unmitigated symbol of terror, bombs and murders." "A real love story," is how

Ms. Avrech was curious about the dress habits: "Now that you've moved from the armed struggle to the political struggle, will you wear civilian clothing?"

she asked.
"Give me a state," he said, "and I'll wear a tux and a bow-

Arafat, Rabin to attend signing

(Continued from page 1)

mony) will heighten the atmosphere and reinforce the deter-mination for peace," Mr. Clinton later told reporters outside his hotel in Houston.

"I'm very excited," he added.

saying the pact "has the potential to change the way Muslims. Christians and Jews relate to each Asked what he could do to top

this achievement, the president said: "By keeping it going. This is He hinted that agreement be-tween Israel and Jordan could be

the next step towards a Mideast Asked about the prospects for an Israeli-Jordan accord, the president said he expected a breakthrough there "soon."

Mr. Clinton was in Houston with Vice-President Al Gore to promote his administration's "reinventing government," initia-tive, intended to make the gov-ernment more efficient and effec-

Secretary of State Warren Christopher telephoned Mr. Rabin early on Saturday morning and invited him to attend the signing ceremony at the White

Mr. Clinton told reporters be had asked Mr. Christopher to call Mr. Rabin and urge him to attend after hearing that Mr. Arafat was

coming to Washington.

The meeting between Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat will be the first official meeting between the two leaders, Mr. Arafat earlier this week denied a report that he had met secretly with Mr. Rabin in the past (see page 5) Israeli Radio reported. After Israel and the PLO

announced they had agreed to officially to recognise each other, and after the PLO agreed to renounce "terrorism" and accept Israel's right to exist, Mr. Clinton announced on Friday that the United States would resume contacts with the PLO and host the

"Today marks the dawning of a new era," Mr. Clinton said in a Rose Garden statement on Fri-

to define the future of the Middle East in terms of reconciliation and coexistence and the opportu-

Within hours of his announce ment of a resumed dialogue with the PLO, Mr. Clinton telephoned from his presidential jet to Saudi Arabia's King Fahd, Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Lebanese President Elias Hrawi.

nities that children growing up there will have, whether they are Israeli or Palestinian."

He later had a brief conversation with King Hussein, a White

House spokesman said.

adviser, said that Mr. Arafat had received a State Department invitation to Monday's ceremony. Mr. Arafat has long personified the Palestinian struggle. He has been warmly welcomed in many countries that years ago accorded the PLO the diplomatic status of a state.

Jimmy Carter and George Bush will be in the audience to witness Monday's signing, said one U.S. official.

The PLO said Saturday it welcomed the U.S. decision to resume contacts. The decision will belp bring about peace in the Middle East,

the PLO Executive Committee

said in a statement. "The PLO appreciates and welcomes the announcement by U.S. President Bill Clinton on his decision to resume contacts. This gives new impetus to the peace process which president Clinton has sponsored," it said.

This decision also helps achieve real progress towards stability and a just peace in the region. The PLO hopes that American-Palestinian relations will develop," it added.

The United States first opened talks with the PLO in December 1988, it broke them off 18 months later because Mr. Arafat refused to condemn a small PLO group which tried to attack Israel from the sea.

More support peace accord

(Continued from page 1) world-wide Muslim protests to the PLO-Israel accord." while the Islamic centrist Ahrar newspaper focused on the death threats against Mr. Arafat made by hardline Palestinians and Mr. Clinton's recognition of the PLO. Sudan said it was ready to back

Palestinians in their efforts to move towards creating an independent Palestinian state. Foreign Minister Hussein Abu Saleh stressed in a statement to the daily Al Engaz Al Watani Saturday that Sudan would stand by any option chosen by the

any option adopted by the

Libyan leader Muammar Oadhafi was quoted as saying the Israel-PLO agreement was a

In a statement broadcast by Libyan television he said the mutual recognition of the PLO and Israel was "one of the comedies of history and should be considered as an object of ridicale and a farce and not a serious

The Libyan newspaper Al Jamahiriya said that recognition of Israel was a betrayal of the Palestinian cause. In Rabat, the World Assembly of Moroccan Jews said the Arab

states should now recognise Israel after the accord between the PLO and Tel Aviv. Robert Assaraf, the secretarygeneral of the group which represents a million Moroccan Jews around the world, told Reuters: The time has come to put an end

to the conflict between the Arab

states and Israel."

Turkey applanded the recogni-tion accord as a "brave step" which could herald a just and lasting peace in the Middle East. "We welcome the mutual recognition by Israel and the PLO." a foreign ministry statement said. "We see this decision of Israel

and the Palestinians as a brave step which will open a new era in the peace talks..

The Israeli-PLO peace accord could have been reached sooner if the Bush administration had not taken a hard line against the PLO, former U.S. President Jimmy Carter said.

"There were too many empty years between the 78 and 79 (Camp David) accords and the present achievements," Mr. Carter, the architect of the Camp David accords, told a news conference.

he British Council 😘 🕒

This course will be held on Sunday and Tuesday evenings, from 6:30 to 8:30, between 19 September and 16 November. The fee will be JD 85.000. The texts studied

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Registration will be on Wednesday 15 September, from 2 to 5 p.m. Candidates must be aged 17 or over and will be required to pass an English language placement test.

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Suha Arafat, 29, regarded her marriage to Mr. Arafat, 64.

The National Music Conservatory/Noor Al Hussein Foundation

Ronald Mead Horton, guest conductor

The American Center (1)
THE ORCHESTRA OF THE NATIONAL MUSIC CONSERVATORY

> Wednesday, 15 September 1993, 8:00 p.m. The Royal Cultural Centre - Maks Theatre Bach Brandenburg Concerto No. 3 Brandenburg Concerto Adaglo for Strings Brook Green Suite Carnival of the Animais

(2)

THE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF THE JORDAN ARMED FORCES

THE ORCHESTRA OF THE NATIONAL MUSIC CONSERVATORY Ronald Mead Horton, guest conductor

Saturday, 25 September 1993, 8:00 p.m.
The Royal Cultural Centre - Mein Theatre
Is: Beethoven Egmont Overture
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Tickets for JD 5 for each concert are available at : x 6861 Concert are available at ; - The Royal Cultural Centre, tel. 662026 - Parole Restaurant, tel. 824677 - Philadelphia Hotel, tel. 663100 - The American Center, tel. 820101 - The National Music Conservatory, tel. 687620

SPECIAL OFFER JD 8 FOR THE TWO PERFORMANCES

Israelis kill 2 in Ramallah (Continued from page 1) ed Palestinian flags and posters of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. Such symbols of Palestinian

nationalism are still outlawed by Rallies for and against the accord were held throughout the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip Saturday. Mr. Arafat has called on the two million Palestimians in the territories to end their six-year-old uprising against

The opposition, encompassing former allies of Mr. Arafat in the ranks of the PLO and among Muslim fundamentalists, drew 2,000 supporters to a rally at the

West Bank's Al Najah university on Saturday. Some 400 opponents of the accord also attended a rally in the West Bank town of Hebron and another one was planned for the town of Beit

Hundreds of Palestinians offices in Damascus Saturday,

"No for Arafat and his treason group," and "no for the treacherons Gaza-Jericho deal," banners raised by participants during the

Sahour, south of Jerusalem.

opposed to the PLO-Israel deal burnt a picture of Mr. Arafat during a sit-in strike at PLO

protest said The protesters, representing 10 factions opposed to the peace process participated in the protest, chanted songs rejecting Mr. Arafat's signing of a letter recognising Israel on Friday.

Hardline Palestinian fighters in exile threatened Friday to assassinate Yasser Arafat and other dissidents vowed to fight with all their might to wreck his pact with

"Abu Ammar (Arafat) has committed treason and because of our national responsibility we announce our intention to shed the blood of the treasonous Arafat for Palestine, its martyr, its intifada and all the agonies of .cs people," said a statement in Beirut from the Fatch Uprising led by Abu Musa.

A COURSE IN ENGLISH LITERATURE

* Golding's "Lord of the Flies"

Oil price dips below \$16 a barrel

more than 50 cents a barrel Friday to their lowest level in three years but recovered slightly after 2 Saudi Arabian official said a freeze on its production would be acceptable.

But the Saudis would insist on the provision that "villains" in the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) who had produced above quota were not rewarded.

There is a need to relook the whole distribution in a fairer share," the official told Reuters. 'A freeze at eight million would look alright," the official. speaking by telephone from Riyadh, added.

London October futures for world benchmark crude oil Brent Blend fell to \$15.50 a barrel before recovering on the back of the remarks to \$15.72 a barrel. New York light crude prices also recovered with October West Taxes Intermediate trading

falling to \$16.36 earlier. The Saudi official added that production above eight million would be justified in view of Saudi Arabia's capacity, although a freeze would be acceptable "as long as you don't see yourself in a descending mode while others are in an ascending mode."

He implied that Saudi Arabia would agree to Kuwait's reintegration into the quota system at the next ministerial meeting in Geneva on Sept. 25 but did not want to see overproducers rewarded — a reference to Nigeria and Iran.

Saudi Arabia's position remained unchanged in that it believed the current price weakness was due to above quota production by some members, even though it conceded that its demand forecast had been higher than anticipated.

There is ample demand to take care of our requirements,

the official said. "Why should I reward Iran to

overproduce?" he added. Earlier, OPEC delegation

sources said one idea being considered was a proposal for a fourth quarter ceiling at 24.5-24.6 million b/d, roughly equal to current production, with Saudi Arabia taking a freeze at 8.0 million b/d.

OPEC President Jean Ping of Gabon and the three-man compliance committee will take the proposal with them on a tour of member states ahead of the Geneva meeting.

They are tentatively due to gather in Qatar Saturday and head on to Saudi Arabia early next week. Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Hisham Nazer is away on holiday and it was not immediately known if he would be back in Riyadh in time for the

meeting.
The delegation also plans to

World commodity prices tumble Reich says

LONDON (R) — After a summer lull, prices for most of the world's major commodities — with a couple of notable exceptions have tumbled under a cloud of global recession that refuses to go

away.
"If you look at economic growth forecasts it doesn't look like prices can rise," one economist said.

Even gold, which had looked the most glittering of them all, was rained on. Since the start of the month it has fallen some \$10 an ounce to a fix Friday morning of \$356.

That is a far cry from threeyear highs seen in early August following a much-publicised bull run. Now gold traders say that unless prices can stabilise just above \$350 an ounce then, as one out it," things look prettier aw-

In most cases it is a matter of too much raw material coming into recession-squeezed econo-

Most of the leading nonferrous metals have been dropping and analysts say that producers must face up to the need to reduce output if prices are to pick up. Stocks of many metals are at record highs and until the econo-

"I don't see any great pick-up cutbacks in production," one ex-

pert said. The one exception, until late this week, was copper. But that, too, fell after the London Metal Exchange, through which the bulk of the world's base metals are traded, imposed tough price curbs to try to end an artificial

supply squeeze.

One dealer warned that copper prices could fall sharply. Nickel did edge up over the

week with traders wondering whether a major producer would cut output, but prices remain extremely weak. Analysts said that investment

funds, which have been the backbone of some price rises notably in gold, have given support by moving money into options and futures. "But unless improved fundamentals are there to support a rally it tends to be a short-term bubble," a bank eco-

Weak demand and oversupply is also the bane of oil producers. On Friday heavy selling on the London Futures Market sent oil prices to their lowest since before mies of industrial countries start Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

to improve prices will stay de-pressed. Future-delivery prices for the world benchmark Brent Blend crude fell 22 cents \$15.78 a barin demand ...we need to see rel, the cheapest since July 1990, a month before the attack on

Kuwait. There are, however, bright

Coffee and cocoa have been breaking records this week. essentially because traders feel supplies are short.

Prices for coffee in London have risen to their highest in dollar terms since the current contract was launched more than two years ago, fuelled by an agreement by producers to hold back 20 per cent of their exports from the market.

On Friday morning, the November positions was trading in London at \$1,320 a tonne, up around \$100 in one week and double the historic lows of a year

Cocoa too has been on a roll. backed by estimates that the world's production will fall well short of demand.

Cocoa prices Friday morning were around £873 (\$1,347) a tonne for December delivery, well up over the past week and some analysts say it won't be long before the commodity touches the £1,000 (\$1,543) level.

"There are exciting opportunities available at Lloyd's at the moment and we are creating this fund to take advantage of them,"

said Michael Wade, chief executive of CLM Advisers PLC.
U.S. groups Marsh McLennan
Cos Inc. and J.P. Morgan Co., Inc. have said they are planning to launch a giant corporate fund, called Trident, of some £1 billion (\$1.55 billion).

1m new jobs have been created

NEW YORK (R) — U.S. Labour Secretary Robert Reich has said that the Clinton administration had created one million new jobs, but admitted their quality is not as high as he would like.

Mr. Reich, speaking on the Cable New Network's "Moneyline" programme, said the new jobs, created at a rate of 130,000 to 140,000 a month, represented 95 per cent of all the new jobs created in the previous new jobs created in the previous

four years.
"After years of stagnation, after years of almost no job growth at all, we are beginning to come out of the woods." Mr. Reich

"We are ...in a jobs recovery, a slow and halting jobs recovery,

Mr. Reich admitted that although new jobs were being created, their quality was not what he would like. "About 20 per cent of the jobs

have been temporary jobs and quality has not been there. In the last 15 years, there has been a decline - pay is less." he said. Mr. Reich said one reason for the increase of jobs is lower interest rates, but he said not enough businesses have been tak-

ing advantage of them.
"Businesses are not expanding nearly as much as I would like or the president would like ...they are not taking advantage of low rates as I would have hoped," he

Mr. Reich said once you have a lower interest rate, it is easier for businesses to take on more work-

The labour secretary said he is a great supporter of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) and believes it will create jobs by cutting Mexican tariffs that hinder U.S. exports.

Broker plans money injection for ailing Lloyd's of London LONDON (R) - Europe's ports three years in arrears and £200 million (\$232 and \$310 announced a record £2.9 billion million).

largest insurance brokerage, Sedgwick Group PLC, launched an investment fund Friday to bring corporate capital to the rescue of the ailing Lloyd's of London insurance market.

Lloyd's is trying to attract corporate capital with limited liability after relying in the past entirely on wealthy individuals. called names, with unlimited Analysts expect that for 1994

alone, Lloyd's will have to find at least £1 billion (\$1.55 billion) of corporate capital before January to top up an expected £7.5 billion (\$11.6 billion) in private capital to back the expected insurance policies for 1994. Last year names put up £8.8 billion (\$13.6 billion) in capital but three years of losses have seriously jaded their invest-

ment appetite

(\$4.5 billion) loss for 1990. It could run up a total of over £6 billion (\$9.3 billion) for 1988 to 1991 due to a spate of natural disasters' exacerbated by questionable rein-Lloyd's Chairman David Row-

land will Monday unveil his plans on how to introduce corporate capital as part of a blueprint for reforms. He sufferred a setback Thursday when his deputy, Stephen Merrett, resigned in order to devote more time to the

difficulties of his own underwriting agency.
Sedgwick said its CLM Advisers PLC unit was launching the CLM insurance fund with sponsorship by merchant bank Barclays de Zoete Wedd, part of Barclays PLC. Financial sources sid the fund was expected

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 12, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation GENERAL TENDENCIES:

> points that are potential to putting across your ideas and products and get a well-rounded understanding of what the general public wants before you attempt reorganisation. AREES: (March 21 to April 19) Try to keep calm and poised despite the temptation to be upset and annoyed by the antics or strange actions of someone you regard as a

Think of all the angles and stand-

good friend. [AURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Think about what you can do to maintain an objective attitude when some conditions in the out-side world that are not to your

liking do occur. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You want to break loose from the accepted principles under which you have been operating but it would be hard to return to reality if you do so.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to (uly 21) Your intuitive perceptions and feelings, usually so accurate are apt to be way off base today. tonight so do not rely upon them but stick to the accepted.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You find this is the day to avoid those who are unconventional and bizzare and to stick to those proven associates upon whom you can rely

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Be sure you do not try to do something of an unusual nature that you think will please others for they much prefer to remain in their

HOROSCOPE

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Now you have the temptation to spend more than you can afford on some temporary pleasure but curb this extravagance and you maintain security

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You find matters at your residence are not to your liking and whatever arises show you have

before making changes. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Your investigations into schools of thought under which you can best operate in the future can hit a snag so don't take definite decisions but take under

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You now find that you are apt to be worried and anxious about your present practical condition but put aside for the moment, don't let depression get to you. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You want to have bigger results in your personal affairs but

possible use of your present posi-PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Think about what your intimate goals are and make them work for you in a mainer that you have found works out best in days that are gone by.

instead it is a day to make the be

Azerbaijan may get billions more in new oil deal

MOSCOW (R) — Azerbaijan may receive \$17 billion more as a result of revisions to a deal with Western oil companies to develop three rich Caspian Sea oil ields. acting Azeri head of state Haydar Aliyev said Friday.

"A group of experts from Britain and the United States is helping Azerbaijan to draw up a contract ... Azerbaijan could receive about \$17 billion more in profits," a local journalist quoted him as saying at a news confer-

Mr. Aliyev was comparing the present draft agreement with a previous deal due to have been signed this summer by custed President Abulfez Elcibey. The local journalist, contacted

by telephone from Moscow, said Mr. Aliyev gave no further details of the new contract. Under an initial version of the deal proposed by Western firms, Azerbaijan's profits from development of the fields were estimated at about \$32 billion, or

71 per cent of the total. But the

Azeri side has been pushing for 85 per cent of profits.

One Azeri oil industry source said the contract could be signed in October auter Azeri officials meet representatives of the Westem consortium in Slovakia on

Sept. 20 to discuss legal aspects of Companies involved in the project include British Petroleum Co PLC/Den Norske Stats Co., Amoco Corp., Pennzoil Co./ Ramco Oil Services PLC. McDermott International Inc,

Unocal Corp and the Turkish Petroleum Company (TPAO).

The new fields — Chirag.
Gyuneshli and Azeri — could double Azeri oil production by 1998. The former Soviet republic produced 10.5 million tonnes (210,000 b/d) in 1992.

Japan and Europe weaker than expected, OECD says

PARIS (R) — The prospects for economic growth in Japan and Europe look gloomier than they were just two months ago, the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

(OECD) said Friday. Kumi Shigehara, director of the OECD's economics department, said that the forecasts made in the think tank's last economic outlook, published in

July, may have to be revised "The American economy is going more or less as we pro-jected," he told a news conference. "But unfortunately in

Europe and Japan we may be now seeing some need for a downward revision. Mr. Shigehara, speaking on the sidelines of a meeting of a top-level OECD panel, the working party three (WP3) said the poorer outlook particularly applied to

The yen's recent sharp rise will have a negative effect on Japan's foreign balance equal to around half a percentage point on the country's gross domestic product (GDP) in the second half of his

year and quite possibly as much

licences had been cancelled.

overseas work.

officials said.

Bangladesh cracks down

on fake employment agents

DHAKA (R) - Impoverished Bangladesh, heavily dependent on its

down on unscrupulous recruiting agents, government officials said.

agents had already been punished, including 10 whose recruiting

Another nine agents had been temporarily suspended while 37

were under investigation for alleged fraud against applicants for

Nearly one million Bangladeshi expatriates, mostly working in Arab countries, remitted \$900 million in the year to June 1993

Thousands of people looking for jobs had been cheated at home

and abroad by fake or dishonest recruiting agents, the ministry

There have been several recent cases of duped Bangladeshi workers travelling on false documents who have been ordered home.

board a chartered flight to Malaysia with forged travel documents.

In July, Dhaka airport police arrested 22 Bangladeshis trying to

compared to \$848 million the previous year.

The officials from the Ministry of Labour and Manpower said 56

The OECD forecast in July that Japan's economy would ex-

pand by one per cent in 1993 and by 3.3 per cent next year. Sluggish consumer spending and an uncertain business climate were also making Japan's economic management difficult, he

The economist said that Japan. like Europe, has run into unex-pectedly wide budget guos, which left little room to boost the economy with fiscal stimuli. In Europe, the problem from

economic growth was the persis-

tently high level of real interest rates, he said. "We welcome the Bundesbank's action yesterday," he said, referring to the half-point cut in the central bank's discount rate on Thursday. "But the climate is

not that encouraging."
However, Bundesbank Vice-President Hans Tietmeyer told the news conference earlier that there were some signs that the European recession was bottom-

Economically, there are some the job when he takes over from signs that we are now at the bottom of recession and in some

countries there are even some signs of possible recovery," he

What shocked the market into

decline was this week's report by

the International Agency (IEA).

It shaved its forecast for oil de-

mand by 300,000 b/d for the six

In July, Saudi Arabia publicly

accused Iran of causing the price

This is no longer the case. The Middle East Economic Digest

this week estimated Iranian pro-

duction was within quota for the

Iran has argued that Saudi Ara-

bia must cut hardest if the U.N.

embargo on Iraqi oil is eased or

lifted. But this now appears un-

likely for at least one year.

The head of the U.N. special commission on Iraq, Rolf Ekeus, said in New York Thursday night

it might be a year before he could

recommend to the Security Coun-

cil that the oil embargo on Iraq be

months starting Oct. 1.

collapse by overproducing.

first time in months.

He also appeared to back the approach of Germany's neighbours, which are generally fol-lowing the Bundesbank's cautious pace of interest rate cuts despite their new-found freedom within Europe's Exchange Rate Mechanism (ERM).

Speculative pressure on ERM currencies forced the Community to widen the fluctuation bands of most ERM monies dramatically

nine weeks ago.
"One should be cautious in using the room for manoeuvre," he said after chairing the WP3 meeting. "It is necessary to follow a line of regaining credibility ...there is no simple mechanistic solution.

The WP3, which meets four times a year, comprises senior finance ministry and central bank officials from the 10 of the 11 Group of Ten rich nations. Belgium is the oodd one out. Mr. Tietmeyer has chaired the panel for three years, but leaves

Helmut Schlesinger as Bundesbank president on Oct. 1. In June, Lloyd's — which reto attract between £150 million Chinese army looking for foreign capital to boost civilian work

PEKING (AFP) — Businesses owned by the Chinese army are

China Daily has reported. The range of areas of possible cooperation is considerable, from aerospace to textiles, naval construction to petrochemicals, said Chen Dazi, head of the planning department of the Commission of Science and Industry for National

"One of our major advantages is China's 14 years of experience in shifting defence technology to

They army runs more than 1,000 businesses with some three million experienced workers and 300,000 researchers, he said, adding that China has a vast market and low production costs.

At the beginning of the year, General Chen said two thirds of military industry was being used for civilian production.

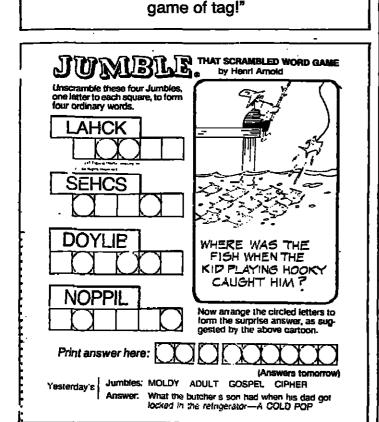
China's military began a mas-

years. The PLA has shed large number of soldiers, modernised its outdated equipment and stepped up civilian production.

Military firms are particularly active in the country's special economic zones and contributed much to the development of the largest of the zones in Shenzhen, on the border with Hong Kong.

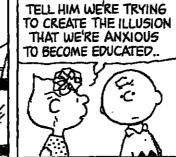
At the international exhibition on the peaceful use of military industrial technology held in Hong Kong in July, China signed 79 contracts worth \$2.5 billion.

THE BETTER HALF, By Glasbergen GLASBERGEN "What do you mean you're done? This is a back rub, not a



Peanuts







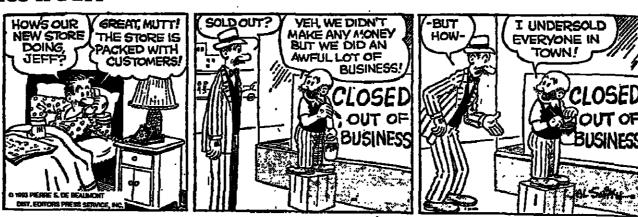


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Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff



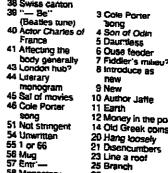
; for foreign partners to civilian production, the Army (PLA).

al in the People's Liberation

sive restructuring plan at the be-ginning of the 1980s which has

THE Daily Crossword by Melvin Kenworthy





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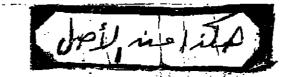
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trade official urged the United Community and Japan to seek

Sudden peace moves raise Israeli stock hopes

TEL AVIV (R) — Sudden Araband and Japanese investors who have will fare best in peacetime. But up, the index could more than Israeli peace moves have sparked so far ignored it. new interest in the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange (TASE), fuelling hopes of major foreign investment and suprecedented gains.

For years foreign investors have staed away from the Jewish state, fearing the outbreak of war or a boycott by Arab states.

With peace moves afoot, local businessmen and analysts say they now expect the foreigners to seek a piece of the action.

The signing of a historic mutual tween arch-foes Israel and the PLO boosted hopes at the stock exchange of luring big Western

- ^ -

W. Z.

Organisers of a Jerusalem business conference next month expect to double last year's attendance to as many as 3,000. About half the participants are expected to come from abroad.

The fact we are going ahead and doing it now is a real indication we will have at least a cold peace which is better than no war," analyst Mark Meiras of Israel's Pacific Mediterranean Investments said this week.

"Based on this, it is extremely positive for Israel. It is extremely positive for our economy," he

told Reuters. It is unclear as yet which shares analysts view transport, tourism, electricity, communication and even agriculture as likely win-

A new mutual fund, called "Psagot Shalom", is investing in peace-sensitive issues. Its holdings will be published soon.

This week Israeli blue chip shares soared to a record high in a buying frenzy fuelled by the

The Mishtanim blue chip shares index ended the week at 226.06 and Mr. Meiras predicted that if earnings continued to grow, Middle East peace-making thrived and the economy picked

double that within 18 months. The market, like the Israeli economy, is already awash with liquidity. The number of companies traded on the exchange has risen to more than 450 from fewer than 300 three years ago.

The market rose so fast last year — 96 per cent or 70 per cent in dollar terms — that Bank of Israel Governor Jacob Frenkel tried to cool the ardour of small investors in February by calling the surge a financial bubble.

This week he said: "A stock market, when it is operating properly, reflects the expectation for the future, and not necessarily the reality of today.7

A promised selloff of governfirms has also buoyed investors' hopes. El Al Airlines and Bezeq Telephone Company, both state companies slated for sale. are two potential successes in a peace climate.

Israeli Transport Minister Yisrael Kessar is already studying the prospects of flying between Israel and Arab states from the Gulf to northern Africa.

Yitzhak Kaul, director-general had soared in just the last two

days.

The telephone traffic to the Arab states went up remarkably

by tens of percentage points in all directions." he said. By way of example, he cited Druze residents on the Golan Heights calling friends in Syria about the

"When residents interested in the matter want to receive information and to exchange experiences, they call," he said.

The signing of a historic Palestinian self-rule agreement in Washington next Monday prompof Bezeq, told Israel radio Friday. ted officials to move up the de-the number of calls to Arab states dication of a new satellite station dication of a new satellite station to early next week.

with foreign firms. Five more

gas field is also in the south.

contracts were in sight.

pany, Petro-Canada.

billion foreign debt.

company said.

In honour of the signing," Mr. Kaul said, it would be called the

and they have their own. We will not change our laws for the sake Gate of Peace. of any one," he told AFP in an interview. "But they are welcome to enter joint ventures. We hope they will join us because vast business opportunities are emerging and such ventures will benefit

large Asian market."
The United States and other In April 1993, Algeria signed a Western countries have urged 34.5 million exploration contract GCC nations to revise regulations with Canada's biggest oil comstipulating that foreign investors must have a 51 per cent national Exploration had been marked by "a redeployment of Sonatrach partnership because it was disactivities towards new zones, in suading firms from increasing particular the West Sahara, the

Chamber of Commerce and In-

nvestment laws in the six-nation

"We have our investment laws

Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)

as demanded by Washington.

Algeria's main oilfield. Hassi has said the number could in-crease if member-states eased a "We in the UAE are looking Messaoud, lie in the extreme southeast Sahara. Its principal Oil and gas exports earn some against Israel.

\$11 billion a year, more than 90 per cent of Algeria's foreign income. But some 75 per cent of Kuwait and the United Arab this goes towards repaying the OPEC member's estimated \$25

U.S. urged to boost investment in Gulf ABU DHABI (AFP) - A Gulf United States, the European

States Saturday to take advantage technology needed to build an of growing business opportunities industrial base and lessen reliance and boost investment in the oil- on oil. rich region to help it acquire Sheikh Fahim will head a 12-But Mohammad Al Fahim, deon a two-week visit to the United member UAE trade delegation

States starting Tuesday.
"We will discuss joint industouty chairman of the Abu Dhabi dustry, ruled out any change in rial projects and will ask U.S. companies to set up branches and offices in the UAE to serve the Middle East given our huge port

and storage potentials," he said. The United States is already a major investor in the region, with assets of more than \$10 billion. mostly in the industrial sector. It is also the second largest single economic partner of the GCC, with their two-way trade

peaking at nearly \$25 billion in 1992. The balance has remained both sides as they could serve a largely in favour of the GCC despite U.S. efforts to increase exports to the region after the Gulf war.

A large part of the overseas GCC investment of more than \$350 billion are based in the United States. Gulf officials have business in the region.

More than 700 U.S. companies operate in the GCC. Washington

long-standing economic boycott forward to attracting U.S. investment in advanced technology and The GCC states - Saudi Ara- other sectors. I believe such probia, Bahrain, Oman, Qatar, jects are highly feasible given the UAE's location in the heart of a Emirates (UAE) — have been vast Asian market of more than locked in negotiations with the one billion consumers," said

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Algeria's Sonatrach made \$1.23b net profit in '92

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ALGIERS (R) — Algeria's Sonatrach, one of the world's major oil and gas companies, has reported that net profit rose 12 per cent last year to 25.9 billion dinars (\$1.23 billion).

The figure, on turnover of 307.8 billion dinars (\$14.6 billion), compared with a profit after taxes of 23.2 billion dinars (\$1.1 billion) in 1991. Turnover in 1991 was 280.3 billion dinars (\$13.3 billion). The results, confirming fore-

casts before the fiscal year ended on March 31, were given in the state company's annual report. Sonatrach Director-General Abdul Hak Bouhafs said they were achieved in difficult domestic circumstances and "an international environment that has not

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always been favourable. "In 1992 we produced, transported, transformed and exported the equivalent of two million tonnes more than in 1991. So the mark of two million barrels per day (b/d) production of all products and exports of 1.7 million b/d was maintained," he said, "We achieved a record level of gas exports in 1992 and decided to develop the Bir Rebaa

pioration. The Bir Rebba North deposits were found by Sonatrach working with the Italian firm AGIP. Sonatrach said a total of 28 exploration wells had been sunk

North field, a concrete result of

significance in partnership ex-

during 1992. "The results can be considered

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as positive ...in quantitative total of 27 had now been signed terms, new reserves brought to light during the year 1992 represent, according to first estimates, 82.3 million cubic metres of oil and 33 billion cubic metres of gas," the company said.

Algeria is currently building a gas pipeline to Spain and increasing the capacity of one to Italy. It plans to double present gas exports to 60 billion cubic metres annually by the year 2000, with officials saying that some 58 billion of this is already sold.

Sonatrach said nine contracts had been signed in 1992 mainly with North American firms. adding to those dominated before by Europeans.

After changes in the law aimed at attracting foreign investors, a

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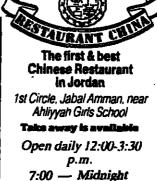
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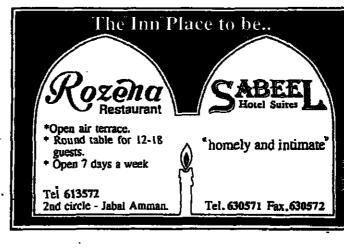




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Premier is richest

in Japanese cabinet TOKYO (R) - Japan's new

prime minister is not only the classiest member of his ca he is also the richest, according a list of their assets publis

Friday. Known as "the lotd" be-

cause he is descended from ...

Samurai family and would have been a duke if Japan had not

abolished the aristocracy in 1945.

Morihiro Hosokawa declared

holdings of 1.3 billion yen (\$12.2

million). This made him the weal-

thiest of the 21 members of his

month-old cabinet, who declared

their assets in accordance with a

tradition begun by former Prime

Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone in

1984. The bulk of Mr. Hosoka-

wa's declared assets was in wooded mountain land valued at

around 900 million yen (\$8.5 mil-

lion) in Karuizawa, a high-ciase

summer resort north of Tokyo.

Finance Minister Hirobisa Fuin

was the second richest cabinet

member with 877 million yes (\$8.27 million), and Construction,

Minister Kozo Igarashi was in third place with 473 million yen

(\$4.46 million). Poorest was Posts

and Telecommunications Minis-

ter Takenori Kanzaki, a member

of the Buddhist-backed Komeito

Party, who reported only one

million yen (39,400) in personal assets. The cabinet's combined total of 5.5 billion yen (\$51.8

million) in personal assets was

only a quarter of the figure

announced by the previous

cabinet of Liberal Democratic

Party Prime Minister Kiichi

World Trade Centre

NEW YORK (AP) -- A two-

alarm fire broke out Friday on

the 59th floor of one of the World

Trade Centre's twin towers, forc-

ing the evacuation of several

floors, authorities said. The cause

of the fire was unknown,

although it did not appear to be a

bombing or terrorist act, said Frank McCabe, a Fire Depart-

ment spokesman. More than 20 units and 120 firefighters re-

three floors below the 59th were

Fire forces

evacuations at

Potential clash avoided as right-wingers meet Mandela

ing the conflict.

Mandela, saying the African National Congress (ANC) bore a

heavy responsibility for political

suit and slander me with his

statements that I do not care

about black lives," Mr. De Klerk

said at a meeting opening the

Transvaal Congress of the ruling

National Party.
Police said Friday that at least

44 people had died in townships

east of Johannesburg since Wednesday, when unidentified

gunmen slaughtered 21 people

more bodies Thursday in Tokoza

and Katlehong, where supporters

of the ANC and Zulu chief Man-

gosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha

Freedom Party (IFP) face each

other across a narrow dirt cor-

queuing for taxis.

"Mr. Mandela continues to in-

violence in South Africa.

fi tential clash involving armed whites and ANC supporters was averted Saturday when Nelson Mandela and neo-Nazi repre-: intatives held an unprecedented

meeting. They didn't shake hands during the chat, which lasted just a few minutes and could not be classified as friendly.

Ferrus Munro, deputy commander of the right-wing Afri-kaner Resistance Movement in the town of Beauford West, said he warned Mr. Mandela that "if a hair on the head of a Conservative white is harmed, we will fight back and we will hit hard."

He said Mr. Mandela told him his African National Congress was working for peace. The black leader "does his thing well," Mr. Munro said after the meeting, but be insisted it was an unplanned conversation and did not mark the start of regular talks between the diametrically opposed

Police negotiated the meeting after about 40 heavily armed white extremists gathered outside the Beauford West Hotel where Mr. Mandela was to attend a

campaign breakfast. When Mr. Mandela arrived, the white crowd swelled to more than 100, some armed with pistols, knives, and rifles.

Mr. Munro was disarmed before being taken into a hotel room for a private talk with Mr.

White extremists have vowed to wage war rather than live under a black government, and they are boycotting negotiations

on political reform. The negotiators, who include the ANC and government, have set April 27 as an election date. The ANC, the nation's leading black group, is expected to win the vote.

Meanwhile, South Africa's hardline Azanian People's Li-beration Army (APLA) Saturday vowed to continue its armed struggle until political power is transferred from the white minority to the black majority.

A statement issued here on APLA's 32nd anniversary said "the Azanian People's Liberation Army marks its 32nd birthday with even more determination to fight on until the regime realises that there can be no solution to this conflict short of African majority rule."

The statement, signed by APLA's secretary for publicity and information, Willie Mazambane, came after an agreement was reached between the African National Congress and other negotiators on setting up a Transitional Executive Council which will give blacks political power the first time.

The first non-racial democratic elections in South Africa are scheduled for April next year. But APLA said it had taken note of the current negotiations in South Africa and fully backed its political leadership ing part

About 1,200 people have died in Katlehoos and Tokoza since in the discussions. July 2, when multi-party demo-APLA proposals inclue a call cracy negotiators agreed to hold for negotiated mutual ce. stion the country's first all-race elecof hostilities. tion on April 27.

"Every life is precious, every "We have defined mut violent death is a tragedy and a setting up of the dagger in the heart of peace ...the cause more unrest. cessation of hostilities as the sto. ping of war by all those invoi-

and the achievement of peace," government leaves no stone unturned in its efforts to curtail the statement added. The Tanzanian-based guerrilla violence. The same cannot be army has been blamed for attacks said of the ANC." Mr. De Klerk

on white civilians in South Africa. He accused the ANC of It has also been accused by President F. W. De Klerk's govfomenting strife by persisting in a policy of marginalising Inkatha. Earlier, Mr. Mandela said in ernment of dragging its feet on its commitment to democratic the black township of Soweto changes with the aim of prolongsouthwest of Johannesburg that talks on the country's transition Mr. De Klerk Friday made one to democracy had broken of his sharpest attacks yet on Mr.

through a psychological barrier. "Despite the spoilers ...the process has shown that it has the capacity to arrive at clear decisions," he said, referring to the adoption of a bill for a Transition-

al Executive Council (TEC). "The forces of darkness, of lawless apartheid rule, and mindless violence, are being forced

into retreat. Mr. Mande . called on "spoilers to return negotiations." a Inkatha and the clear referenc pro-apartheid onservative Party, both of wi h quit the talks over the settire of the election

Police said they had found 14 "Let us resolve our differences around the table. The country expects this of us. Those who talk of civil war do no: care for the lives of our people and for the economy," he told a conference of the Congress of South African Trade Unions (COSATU), representing more than a million

> workers. Mr. Buthelezi, who ordered the IFP and Kwazulu homeland delegations out of the multi-party forum in July, said Thursday the setting up of the TEC would



Black National Party supporters welcome President F. W. De Klerk and his wife Marieke (right) at the party's congress east of Johannesburg (AFP photo)

Car bomb kills 8 in central New Delhi

NEW DELHI (K) — Eight people were killed in a car bomb attempt on the life of the Sikh president of the youth wing of India's ruling Congress Party in central New Delhi Saturday,

police said. Police told Reuters some 45 people, about a dozen of them security men, were injured when a bomb exploded in an empty van parked outside the Youth Congress office in Raisina Road near parliament

"It looks like it was a remote-controlled device," Delhi Police Chief Mukhund Bihari Kaushal told reporters.

Another senior police officer, who asked not to be identified, told Reuters the bomb was a clear attempt on the life of Youth Congress President Maninder

Singh Bitta.

Sikh militants fighting for a separate Sikh state in Punjab, which Mr. Bitta opposes, were the most likely suspects, the offic-

A dazed Bitta told Reuters Sikh militants, whose campaign has faded dramatically in the past six months, had tried 11 times before to kill him but he could not be certain this was the 12th

LAGOS (R) — Thwarted pres-

dential hopeful Moshood

Abiola's decision to delay his

homecoming is reinforcing the

view there are quiet moves to

Nigeria's unelected interim

government said in a statement in

that Mr. Abiola agreed, after

contacts with interim head of

state Ernest Shonekan, not to

the capital Abuja Friday

said Saturday.

mats and political sources

"We were just coming away sources said. from the office when there was a huge explosion," Mr. Bitta said. He was later taken to hospital to be treated for leg and head injuries, but did not appear to be

seriously hurt. Police said an escort car full of Mr. Bitta's security guards was one of about 10 vehicles virtually destroyed by a blast which shattered windows in nearby buildings, including the five-star Meri-

dien Hotel popular with tourists. One or two security guards in the escort car were among those killed, they said.

Witnesses said a packed bus had just passed the empty van when it blew up. Some people aboard were injured but if the bomb had gone off a fraction of a second earlier, the toll would have been dramatically higher,

they said. Mr. Bitta was just leaving for lunch at his regular time when the bomb exploded, Youth Congress worker Upendra Singh Bharati

Meanwhile, Indian troops killed or wounded at least six tribal separatists in a raid on a guerrilla hase in the northeast Indian state of Nagaland Friday, military

Abiola's delay fuels talk of Nigerian deal

tion, a key affiliate of the umbrel-

la Campaign for Democracy

(CD) which is pressuring Mr.

Shonekan to turn over power to

CD organised protests against

La harrest won by Mr.

the nullification of the June 12

presidential election, widely be-

Abiola. It plans more action

ahead of Oct. 1, the day it says

Mr. Shonekan must hand over

to be in the making.

of the Civil Liberties Organisa

They said parachute commandos stormed a base of the outlawed National Socialist Council of Nagaland (NSCN) at Niuland near Dimapur, about 50 kilometres west of the state capital Kohima, early Friday.

We have hit a major base and we still have reports of stray clashes from the Niuland area," said an army officer in Kohima, contacted by telephone Assam.

He said at least six rebels belonging to the Muivah-Isaac faction of the NSCN had been killed or injured. Others were trying to

In a separate development, at least six Maoist extremists and a paramilitary policeman were kil-led in a clash in the south Indian state of Andhra Pradesh that lasted more than 24 hours, police said Saturday.

They said dozens of heavily armed policeman surrounded the village of Padkai in the northern part of the state Thursday night. Authorities had received a tip-off that a band of the People's War Group (PWG), known in India as Naxalites after the town where the movement was founded, was hiding there.

Mr. Shonekan's interim admi-

nistration has been criticised as

an extention of Mr. Babangida's

government but the former milit-

ary leader's influence may be

the most powerful person in Gen.

Babangida's administration and

has retained his position as de-

fence secretary, last week re-

versed key military appointments

The view gaining ground is

Several diplomats said they had

heard of the possibility of Mr.

Shonekan appointing a judicial panel to consider the conduct of

the June 12 vote and taking a

both hail from the Yoruba-speak-

Mr. Shonekan and Mr. Abiola

decision based on its finding

ing southwestern region.

made by the former ruler.

General Sani Abacha, who was

sponded to a report of a fire at No. 1 World Trade Centre at 3 p.m. (1900 GMT), Mr. McCabe said. Three floors above and

evacuated, he said.

Symphony musicians honour picket line

WASHINGTON (AP) -- Musicians in the National Symphony Orchestra (NSO) have refused to cross another orchestra's picket line at the Kennedy Centre for the Performing Arts, forcing cancellation of two concerts. Conductor-violinist Marvin Hamlisch arrived in Washington Friday to perform with the National Sym-phony but returned to New York when the musicians did not report to an afternoon rehearsal, said NSO spokeswoman Patricia O'Kelly. The symphony musi-cians were showing their solidarity with the 67-member Opera House Orchestra, which has been on strike against the Kennedy Centre since Sept. 1.

Bardot: Japanese. S. Koreans fish

illegally

PARIS (R) — Japanese and South Korean boats use fishing lines as long as 40 nautical miles to catch red tuna in the Mediterranean, animal rights advocate Brigitte Bardot said. The fishermen are flouting European Community limits on the length of lines and each boat catches up to 250 tonnes each day of red tuna, prized in Asia, the former film star said in a statement. The daily Le Figaro said the vessels were operating in Ita-lian and Spanish waters. Rene Vestri, mayor of the French Mediterranean port of Saint-Jean-Cap-Ferrat and president of the ocean preservation group SOS-Grand Bleu, said European fishermen "oppose this deliberate massacre which only benefits countries whose economic interests have nothing to do with

the Mediterranean or Europe." Earn a Cambridge degree by watching

HANOI (AFP) — English is making further inroads into Vietnam, with Cambridge University teaming up with state television and the British Broadcasting Corp. (BBC) to air an Englishlanguage teaching programme nationwide. A memorandum of cooperation due to be signed next Tuesday calls for Vietnam Television to produce 40 program for Vietnamese based on the BBC's "starting Business English" series. Broadcasts will start in January. BP South-East Asia Ltd. will pay the BBC's license fee, the British oil company's Hanci office said in a statement issued Friday. The University of Cambridge Local Examina Syndicate would help Vietnemese universities organise examinations based on the broadcasts

Aspin holds high-level talks with NATO leaders

BRUSSELS (AFP) — U.S. Defence Secretary Les Aspin held talks here Saturday with senior U.S. military officials and European experts on regional defence policy as part of a programme of worldwide consultations.

U.S. officials said NATO Secretary General Manfred Woerner, the alliance's top generals and the Pentagon's senior European strategists were taking part in the discussions at the home of U.S. NATO Ambas-

sador Robert Hunter. Mr. Aspin arrived at the start of a whirlwind European swing that will also take him to Getmany and Italy before heading back to Washington Sunday night for the signing Monday of the Israeli-Palestinian peace accord

U.S. Navy Commander ... Thurwanger, a Pentagon spokesman, said Mr. Aspin was holding the high-level discussions on European defence policy Saturday as the first in a series of regional consultations around the world.

Commander Thurwanger said the talks would likely include the conflict in the former Yugoslavia, but were basically aimed at a broader look at issues and trends. The goal is better, more coordinated policy formulation," he

But diplomatic sources said Mr. Aspin would also have informal talks with Mr. Woerner, the chief executive of the 16-member NATO alliance which is working on plans for policing an eventual peace accord in Bosnia-Herzego-

Among those participating in Saturday's consultations were Charles Freeman, assistant defence secretary for Europe, Edward Warner, assistant secretary for strategy, and Joseph Kruzel deputy assistant for European and NATO policy.

On the military side, the talks included General Charles Boyd,

deputy commander of U.S. forces in Europe, and Admiral Jeremy Boorda, commander of NATO forces in Southern Europe.

General John Shalikashvili. NATO's supreme commander who is due to become the United States' next chairman of the Joint Chief of Staff, was also invited but it was not clear if he could attend, Commander Thurwanger

The consultations also included several European defence experts who were in Brussels for the annual conference of the Lon-

of strategic studies (IISS), which Mr. Aspin will address Sunday The U.S. defence chief will

ः अर्थः for 💷 visir 1. A. S. Sam Main Air Force Base near Frankfurt, Germany, from which U.S. planes take off on missions to air drop relief supplies in Bosnia.

He was then fiv to Rome : taiks with his Italian counterpart Fabbri which are likely to include discussion of differences between Rome and Washington over the handling of the U.N. mission in Somalia

Mr. Woemer called Friday for a stronger European role in the Western alliance and said the time had come to make a move toward East European countries interested in joining.

Mr. Woerner said Europe must

be wary of allowing the American public to believe the continent was failing to defend its own interests, adding this would make the U.S. leadership more reluctant to get involved in the region. "Indeed, far from being a threat to NATO's survival, a greater European role in the precondition of its longer-terr vitality," Mr. Woerner see n a speech to the IISS.

"NATO is not a close. ...p,"

ers has jumped since the end of

the cold war, from 10,000 three

years ago to 80,000 this year. United Nations' spending for these operations reached \$4 bil-

lion in 1993, up from \$700 million

But commission opponents of

the force said in the report that

the benefits claimed for such a

rapid deployment legion can be accomplished more effectively by

the ready forces of U.N. member

countries, and at far less cost.

The dissenters included Jeane

Kirkpatrick, former U.S. ambas-

sador to the United Nations, and

her deputy, Charles Lichenstein,

the other co-chairman of the

The commission report,

adopted by a 10-to-six vote after

two years of studies and hearings,

also recommended considering the admission of Germany and

Japan to the Security Council

Those two countries, which are

among the United Nations' big-

gest financial contributors, have

asked to be admitted to the 15-

member Security Council.

without veto power.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Norway may swing left in vote

OSLO (R) - Opinion polls Saturday showed Norway's ruling Labour Party likely to keep its grip on power in an election in which voters may swing left in defiance of European trends since the end of the cold war. The polls, in the dailies Aftenposten and ationen, gave the Labour Party of Prime Minister Gro Harlem Brundtland 36.2 and 35.2 per cent of the vote respectively, in line with recent polls and up from 34.3 per cent at the last election in 1989. Earlier this summer, Labour support fell to a historic 70-year low of under 30 per cent. Mrs. Brandtland is tipped to keep power by continuing "slalom skiing" in parliament creating shifting alliances with smaller parties to win majorities. She is helped by signs of economic recovery and lack of a credible political alternative.

Setmann hopes for the best

HANOI (AFP) - Vietnam hopes the U.S. trade embargo will be allowed to lapse into history when it comes up for annual renewal Tuesday but says it will soldier on irrespective of what U.S. oil Clinton decides. Prime Minister Ve Van Kiet. quote i Saturday by the official press, pledged that Vietnam's door would remain open to American companies even if Mr. Clinton extends the sanctions in effect since the Vietnam War. But U.S. business people voiced frustration at the embargo. which has been progressively since Dece-U.S. firms from earning money in Vietnam where their competitors are increasingly active. Mr. Clinton, faced with the popular belief that American prisoners of war were left behind in Vietnam or Laos, has conditioned any steps toward normal relations with Hanoi on "concrete progress" in accounting for U.S. servicemen missing-in-action from the Vietnam War.

Shevardnadze may declare emergency

TBILISI (R) - Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze has said he will probably declare a state of emergency to safeguard the unity of his chronically unstable former Soviet Republic. In an emotional address Friday night, Mr.Shevardnadze said Georgia, riven by conflit for the past year and a half, must reject "the language of the gun." "On Sunday I will probably declare a state of emergency. A state of emergency means order. Things cannot get any worse than they are now," the former Sov t foreign minister said. Georgia has lurched from one conflict to the next since winning independence when the Soviet Union collapsed in 1991. No sooner had Mr. Shevardnadze clinched a peace deal to end a year of civil war in the Black Sea region of Abkhazia than fighting broke out again last month in another western region. Mingrelia. Supporters of former President Zviad Gamsakhurdia, who was democratically elected in 1991 but later ousted in a rebellion, have taken control of several towns. Talks with the government side ended this week in stalemate.

Talks fail to end N. Ireland stalemate

LONDON (R) — The British and Irish governments called Friday for an urgent revival of Northern Ireland peace negotiations after a wave of extremist violence, but could offer little hope of early talks. A surge of brutal attacks by Protestant gunmen has underlined the absence of agreement on the political future of the British-ruled province. Britain's Northern Ireland Secretary Sir Patrick Mayhew and Irish Foreign Minister Dick Spring, meeting in London to discuss the violence, said in a states they agreed on "the urgency and importance" of resuming negotiations. But Sir Patrick admitted that officials were still trying to woo participants back to the negotiations table and his meeting with Mr. Spring had made no practical progress.

Cuba calis in ambassadors

HAVANA (R) - Cuba's Foreign Ministry called an urgent meeting with foreign ambassadors in Cuba Friday after two groups of Cubans sought political asylum at the Mexican and Brazilian embassies in Havana. Mexico's Foreign Ministry said 11 Cubans - six men, four women and one child - had entered the country's embassy in Havana's Miramar district Thursday and asked for passage to Mexico. The ministry, in conjunction with the Cuban government," it said in a brief news release issued in Mexico City. On Friday morning four Cubans entered the Brazilian diplomatic mission and also asked for political asytum. The Brazilian ambassador told them he could not grant it because they did not present sufficient evidence to justify their request under international conventions, a Brazilian embassy spokesman told Reuters. The four left peacefully after half an hour, he

Pope returns to Italy after Baltics tour

ROME (R) — Pope John Paul returned to Italy after his first visit to the former Soviet Union. The plane carrying the Pope and his entourage arrived at Rome's Ciampino Airport at 2025 GMT after a flight from Tallin, Estonia. During his week-long visit the Pope visited the Baltic states of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia.

return Sunday as planned so as that Abacha wants to be the man power to the business tycoon not to disrupt public order of the nument and is prepared to The statement came after the two weeks ago after former militallow June 12 but needs time to move Gen. Babangida's people out," said Mr. Agbakoba. "I think we'll be seeing an Abacha, Shonekan and Abiola deal."

electoral commission and the two ary ruler General Ibrahim Babangida precipitated a national crisis political parties announced they had agreed to hold a fresh presidential poll. idential and local council elections on Feb. 19, 1994.

resolve Nigeria's political Chia. Mr. Abiola, said a deal appeared

The statement surprised Abiola aides, who had mobilised thousands of people to welcome him at Lagos Airport Sunday.

rations and I regret his decision to postpone his return," one said. But Olisa Agbakoba, president

ANKARA (Agencies) — The

U.S. policy coordinator for the former Soviet Union has said that

Washington's views on the

Nagorno-Karabakh dispute

between Armenia and Azerbai-

"I was struck by how close our

postions are on Nagorno-Kara-

bakh, I would say virtually iden-

tical," Strobe Talbott, told repor-

ters after talks with prime Minis-

Turkey has urged international

action to reverse Armenian adv-

ances into Azeri territory, but has

stopped short of providing milit-

ary help to its ethnic kin in

Azerbaijan. U.S. Secretary of State Warren

Christopher was reported to have

written to his Armenian counter-

part a week ago to say that no

reasons could justify a recent offensive by Karabakh Armenian

forces outside the borders of the

sure that the latest U.N. resolu-

tions are carried out, and also to

secure a more constructive

approach by Karabakh Arme-

mians at peace talks," said the

letter, released by the Armenian

Nagorno-Karabakh is mainly

populated by Armenians but lies

inside Azen territory. Thousands

of people have been killed since

1988 in Karabakh's struggle for

Armenians have driven Azeri

forces from most of the enclave

and seized swathes of land in

Azerbaijan proper in recent

months, effectively cutting off the

The United Nations Security

Council has denounced the offen-

sive and demanded that Kara-

southwest of the country.

We call on Armenia to make

jan mirrored Turkey's.

not elaborate.

disputed enclave.

Foreign Ministry.

"It's a shock after all the prepa-

by annulling the June 12 pres-Mr. Abiola has been abroad for the past six weeks mobilising international support for his

"Abiola could not have agreed to stay away if he wasn't convinced there is something to be gained," a Western diplomat

claim to the presidency.

Turkey, U.S. have 'similar' Karabakh views bakh forces withdraw from Azeri

territory. International peace

efforts have so far failed Armenia supports Karabakh, but says its own armed forces are not directly involved in the con-Mr. Talbott said he would

travel to Baku Saturday for talks with acting head of state Haydar Aliyev and other Azeri leaders. Mr. Talbott, officially known ter Tansu Ciller. Mr. Talbott did as ambassador-at-large and special adviser on the new independent states, stopped in Ankara on the first leg of a trip that will take him to Azerbaijan, Armenia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgystan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan and Turk-

> He is also due to visit Russia, Latvia, the European Community and NATO during the 10-day He is accompanied by Nick Burns, the National Security

Council's senior director on the

former Soviet Union. Meanwhile, Armenian separatists in the disputed Azerbaijani enclave of Nagorno-Karabakh extended a unilateral ceasefire Friday to aid peace talks aimed at halting a bitter conflict in the region, separatist authorities

The truce, which had been due to expire Friday, was extended until Sunday the separatist "foreign ministry" in the enclave's main city Stepanakert told the Interfax News Agency.

The prolongation was intended to ensure a meeting scheduled here Sunday between the separatists' self-declared foreign minis ter, Arkady Buskassian, and the deputy speaker of the Azerbaijani parliament Afiaddim Dzhaliyov went ahead, the ministry

Separatist authorities said the

extension of the truce had been reed with Azerbaijan although Baku, which does not recognise the Stepanakert administration, has never confirmed negotiating a

A meeting here Wednesday between representatives of both sides was cancelled when the Azerbaijani delegation failed to

But talks between the parties were held here behind closed doors Thursday and Friday under the auspices of the nine-nation "Minsk Group" of the Conference on Security and Coopera-tion in Europe (CSCE), which is trying to broker an end to hostilities and a withdrawal of Armenian and separatist forces from

captured areas of Azerbaijan. Feedback from the talks was limited to a comment from Russian representative Vladimir Kazimirov, who told the ITAR-TASS agency that parties were clarifying their posi-'calmly'

Russia warned Iran Friday to refrain from shows of force along its border with Azerbaijan and said Iran troop incursions into Azerbaijan risked speading the conflict in the region to other countries.

We have made clear that certain actions from the Iranian side. whatever their reasons, will meet with neither understanding nor support from Russia." Foreign Ministry spokesman Grigory Karasin said at a briefing for

"The fact that Iranian troops have crossed the Azerbaijani border contributes not only to an escalation of the conflict (with Armenia) but pushes it to dangerous limits of internationalisation," Mr. Karasin said.

Mr. Woerner said. U.S. panel calls for permanent U.N. force

in 1991.

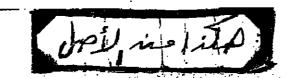
commission.

WASHINGTON (AFP) — A privately funded U.S. government panel recommended Friday that the United Nations create a permanent 5,000-to 10,000-troop volunteer force.

The creation of the force, to be placed under command of the Security Council, was among the key recommendations in a report lfy the 16-member U.S. Commission on Improving the Effectiveness of the United Nations, estabhished by Congress to study the new role of the United Nations in the post-cold war era.

*Peacekeeping is a growth inout 80,000 blue helmets in the field ...we believe that the existence of a U.N. legion would give the international community flexbility in reacting to events," said Tim Leach of Iowa, a member of the House of Representatives and a co-chairman of the commission.

Mr. Leach said the force. which could be deployed within hours of a Security Council decision, would have altered the development of the situations in Kuwait and Bosnia-Herzegovina. The number of U.N. peacekeep-



Bubka crowns another triumphant season | U.S. Open

LONDON (AFP) — Ukrainian pole vaulter Sergey Bubka nar-rowly missed his 35th world record Friday night, but he more than made up for the failure by banking athletics' biggest ever cheque of \$130,000.

(F) 989⁽¹⁾

a socie

The four-time world champion lifted the overall IAAF Grand Prix prize of \$100,000 plus the \$30,000 on offer for winning his event after warming the self-out 23,000 crowd on a cold, windy night with another outstanding display.

With his lucrative double assured after a leap of 6.05 metres, Bubka tried three times for 6.14, but knocked off the bar each time and in the end had to be content with beating his own United Kingdom all-comers' re-

"It was a good serious competition, but the weather wasn't perfect for pole-vaulting," he said. "It was very dangerous.

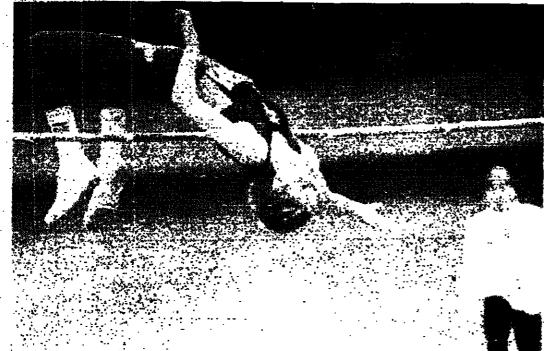
"But I'm very satisfied. I was very close to the world record all three times, especially on the last

Bubka's achievement was enough to beat Algerian middledistance master Noureddine Morceli, Czech javelin-thrower Jan Zelezny, British hurdler Colin Jackson. American long-jumper Mike Powell and Namibian sprinter Frankie Fredericks for athletics' pot of money.

All five won their events, but their performances were not of a high enough quality to deny Bubka his biggest pay day, although Powell came within 2cm of ruin-

ing the Ukrainian's night. That was how far the American world record-holder stepped over the line in his final leap of 8.91m to record a no jum

The women's \$130,000 payout went to American 400m hurdler Sandra Farmer-Patrick, who pipped Irish runner Sonia O'Sullivan, Bulgarian high-jumper



Bulgarian high-jumper Stefka Kostad

Stefka Kostadinova and Mozambique 800m runner Maria Mutola with her time of 53.69sec.

The flamboyant American also exacted some revenge over world and Olympic champion Sally Gunnell, who was also in line to cash in until finishing second to

Farmer-Patrick by a stride.
The World Championship is the world championship, but it was definitely much more rewarding tonight. I feel I'm now even with Sally. At last I'm starting to feel like a 400-metre hurd-

O'Sullivan must wonder what she feels like after an extraordinary night in which she collected \$100,000 after coming second overall, first in the 3,000 metres and runner-up in the mile.

This followed hot on the heels of her big night in Brussels last Friday, when she won four gold bars. Last year the world 1500 metres silver medallist reckoned she could afford to carry on a

The crowd's biggest disappointment was the absence of Olympic and world champion Linford Christie, who had to pull out of an invitation 100m because of influenza. American Leroy Burrell cashed in by winning easily in 10.28sec.

World champion breaks re-

In Peking China's Qu Yunxia, the women's 3,000m world champion, shattered the 1,500m world

Sukova, Graf to face off in final

Helena Sukova made mistakes but Arantxa Sanchez Vicario's errors cost more as the 12th seeded Czech won in three sets Friday to reach the final of the U.S. Open tennis championships.,

Sukova, who was runner-up here in 1986 and a semi-finalist in '87, came back from a first-set; tie-break loss, a wobbly second set and a rain delay to win 6-7

She became the lowest women's seed to reach the U.S. Open final since Pam Shriver, who was the 16th seed when shell finished runner-up to Chris Evertin 1978.

She will meet world number one and top seed Steffi Graf, who defeated Swiss Manuela Maleeva-Fragniere 4-6, 6-1, 6-0. Graf had a rocky start against the 11th seed, the eighth game of the first set went to deuce 11 times, with Maleeva-Fragniere finally winning on her ninth game

ips Saturday, the official

Xinhua News Agency reported.

Qu, who had led home China's

historic 1-2-3 finish in Stutteart, made more history by clocking

3min 50.64sec to wipe nearly two seconds off the old record of 3:52.47 set by Russin's Tatyana Kazankina in Angust, 1980.

Kazankina's record, set in

Zurich for the Soviet Union, was

the oldest standing record in

Better still, Qu's victory here

came at the expense of Wang Junxis, the 10,000m world cham-

pion who stanned the world car-

lier in the week by knocking an

And in an all-star finish, third

place went Liu Dong, the 1,500m

for the distance

ng 42sec off the record

While Graf never wavered once she assumed control, there were times against Sanchez Vicario when Sukova looked as if she might never pull it off.

In the first set she had a set point in the 10th game, but dropped her serve to fall level at 5-5. In the tie-breaker, she had two more set points at 6-4.

"I had so many chances and I did not make any of them." Despite Sukova's lapses, San-chez Vicario could not find a way

around her. Sukova's ability to dominate the net made it difficult for the Spaniard to pass.

Instead she tried coming to the net to finish off the points, but with little success.

"It was not my best day," Sanchez Vicario said. "I hit a lot of balls with the frame and a lot of balls went very long." Sukova closed out the match

with a service break on her second_match point when Sanchez Vicario netted a forehand service return,

She lined up her 21st meetings with Graf. Of their 20 previous counters, Graf has won 19. Sukova's only victory over the

Helena Sukova

German came in 1983 on grass at Brisbane, Australia, Graf was 14 years old then.

ed in between the two men's

15th seed, will meet unseeded Australian Wally Masur in one match, and second-seeded Pete Sampras faces 14th-seeded Alexander Volkov of Russia in the

Zvereva of Belarus and Amer-

ican Gigi Fernandez. Zvereva and Fernandez are oing for the doubles Grand Slam

Flach and Rick Leach of the United States defeated Czechs Martin Damm and Karel Novacek 6-7 (3/7), 6-4, 6-2.

Maleeva-Fraguiere leaves with style

If this was good-bye for Manu-ela Malceva-Fragniere, she left with style and grace.

se d Steffi Graf Friday night, Maleeva-Fragniere was playing centre Court at the National Tennis Centre for the last time. She has announced her retirement from tennis after this year.

It had been a memorable two weeks for her that started our ominously when she broke her left pinky warming up for a doubles match. She withdrew from the doubles tournament and then unexpectedly reached the semifinals at the Open for the second straight year.

"Everything fell in place," she id. "Match after match, it couldn't be more perfect. I felt great on the court. I was not nervous. I was happy on the court. It's been a long time since I had that feeling."

Despite the euphoria of the moment, the 26-year-old Maleeva-Fragniere said she

would not be back. •
"I don't think so," she said. "I wish I could be. It feels so good. Her mind, however, is made up. And she seems determined not to change it.

"Only after match point did I think about it," she said. "I thought, 'it's over. The U.S. Open is over." I felt a great satisfaction within myself that I have not felt in many years. Happiness of being on the court, realising what good tennis means.

"Tennis has taught me a lot of things — self-discipline, courage, toughness and these are the things I can carry throughout my life. These are the things tennis taught me and I am grateful for it. I think I grew up, matured on the

Over the years, Maleeva-Fragniere, the oldest of the three tennis playing Maleeva sisters. has been something of an enigma, often looking pained when she played.
"People have often told me

that I look sad on the court," she said. "I would like them to know that I have always been happy on the court. I have been happy all my life and tennis has given me a lot and I'm proud of what I've

Prost on pole as Berger escapes unhurt Berger was lifted from the car but after recovering he was able

MONZA, Italy (R) — Gerhard Berger escaped unhurt from a high-speed crash as Alain Prost completed the formalities of claiming pole position Saturday i i --- for the Italian Grand Prix. The Williams' driver's excel-

shadowed by Berger's collision Ckein with Ferrari teammate Jean Ale-The crash came after the che-

quered flag at the end of the session when it appeared that Berger was on a flying lap while
Alesi was slowing and waving to

the crowd.

Alesi, seeing Berger's car late, moved across at the variante Ascari and cut into Berger's path, damaging the front end of his F93A badly.

Berger's car then flew out of control and spun across the chicane and sandtrap before ramming the tyre-protected steel barming i

vulnerable. East deals.

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ing lead: Three of ♡

Assume the kibitzer's chair at a

high-level rubber bridge game.

North-South reach three no trump

on the suction shown. Note South's

decision to pass East's one-heart opening bid on a flat 13 points. West led the three of hearts and

East took the king and ace, then cleared the suit by continuing with a

low heart. Declarer won and dis-

carded a chib from dummy. To pro-

tect against four diamonds with West, declarer cashed the queen of

diamonds and West's club discard

Prost clocked a record qualifying lap time of one minute 21.179 seconds to eclipse the best efforts of his teammate Damon lent performance on a dwing mile response surface of a the Autodromo seal the Frenchman's fourth-

to walk away without assistance.

world drivers' title. Hill, seeking his third successive Formula One victory, finished with a best time of 1:21.491. This left him sharing

the front row of the grid with Prost whose pole was the 32nd of Alesi, thrilling the sparse crowd with his on-the-limit driv-ing style, was third fastest in a car

specially equipped for the session with new Ferrari V12 engines. Ayrton Senna, Prost's most serions contender for the title, was fourt fastest in his McLaren

ahead of Michael Schumacher in Benetton. Berger finished sixth fastest in the second Ferrari.

GOREN BRIDGE

DOUBLY UNFORTUNATE

Bob's Return wins St. Legers classic

DONCASTER, England (R) — Trainer Mark Tompkins won the first horse racing classic of his career when Bob's Return, the 3-1 favourite, galloped his eight rivals into total submission in the English St. Leger Saturday.

Ridden by Philip Robinson, Bob's Return took up the running

with nearly three furlongs (600 metres) left to win by three-and-a-half lengths from 4-1 chance Armiger, the mount of Pat Eddery. Edbalysaan, a 25-1 outsider, made late progress to snatch third place under Jockey Willie Ryan.

"Bob's Return, was bought as a 13th wedding anniversary gift in 1991 for owner Jackie Smith by her husband George.

"It's incredible. I can't believe it," she said. The colt had been fancied for the Epsom Derby in June after

winning his warm-up race but could only finish sixth to Commander

the colt's Leger prospects and Jockey Robinson made no mistake.

Eddery made much of the running on Armiger but had no answer when Bob's Return swept by to strike a blow for Tompkins, one of Newmarket's lesser lights. Henry Cecil, trainer of Armiger and Edbaysaan, also ran Danish Fort in a typically powerful bid, while John Gosben, another

Newmarket trainer, also sent out three runners. But victory went to Tompkins who grew up near Doncaster in the nothern city of Shefield.

Hernando times up for the Arc

In Paris today, quality racing at Longchamp includes three recognised Prix de La'arc De Triomphe trials.

welterweight championship Friday night, fighting to a 12-round draw with unbeaten Julio Cesar

was a rude abook. Four rounds of spades forced a heart same a time discard from East and, although deles forced a heart and a club clarer read the position by leading a low club to East's now blank ace, there was no entry to the closed hand to cash the king. East was able to exit with the jack of diamonds and the defenders eventually came to three heart tricks and one in each

day.
"I felt I won the fight," Chavez minor—down one.

We trust you have followed the play carefully. Was this a normal result, or did someone err? If so, who?

It's not easy to spot the slight slip. It occurred at trick three, when de-clarer discarded an apparently useers saw this one." less club from the table. Instead declarer should not have worried about overtricks and parted with a

Now, when South learns of the diamond disaster and cashes the four spade tricks, declarer can capitalize on East's forced discard of heart. After crossing to the king of diamonds, declarer leads a club. East must rise with the ace, and can do no better than cash one heart winner. As long as South preserves dummy's second club as a means of

communication, nine tricks are there—four spades, one heart, three

Chavez, Whitaker fight to draw

Chavez of Mexico.

Judges Mickey Vann of England and Franz Marti of Switzerland scored the fight a 115-115 draw, while Jack Woodruff of the United States gave it to Whitaker 115-113. The two draw verdicts won out, leaving the question of which fighter is better to another

"It is a win for me because the public will decide," Whitaker said. "I am glad millions of view-

Whitaker compared the loss to a controversial disqualification of Evander Holyfield in the 1984 Olympic light-heavyweight semi-

"I feel like Evander did in the Olympics when they ripped him

SAN ANTONIO (AFP) — Per- off for the gold medal," Whitaker nell Whitaker retained his WBC said. "They robbed me of the gold in this one."

Chavez is now 87-0-1 with 75 knockouts. The 31-year-old retained WBC super lightweight crown. Whitaker, 29, is now 32-1with 15 knockouts.

Promoter Don King called for a rematch while Lou Duva, Whitaker's co-manager, was among many questioning the outcome.
"He should have got the win so
they gave him a draw," Duva

The fight was worth a mini-

mum three million dollars for Whitaker and between 3.5 and five million dollars for Chavez. Because nothing was settled, a rematch promises even more. Chavez said he was upset Whi-

taker was allowed to clutch and grab by referee Joe Cortez. "I am not happy with that referee. I did everything I could to force him to fight me, but he

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In the men's doubles final Ken

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A CALL CONTRACTOR CONT

PLO committee, including Farouk Kaddoumi, to chart next phase in peace strategy

By Sana Atiyeh

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — A high-ranking Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) committee, headed by its Chairman Yasser Arafat, has been formed to study the next phase in Palestinian strategy after Israel's recognition of the PLO, a senior Palestinian official said

Speaking to the Jordan Times on condition of anonymity, the source said that the committee's formation in Tunis Friday was a first step towards studying the "tremendous challenges" the Palestinian leadership will face after the agreement for limited self-rule in Gaza and Jericho goes into effect. The source said that the committee would deal with intenal Palestinian issues expected to arise during the interim period in the occupied territories.

In addition to Mr. Arafat, the committee includes PLo Executive Committee members Yasser Abed Rabbo, Suleiman Najjab, Yasser Amr, Mohammad Zuhdi Nashashibi and Farouk Kad-

The membership of Mr. Kaddoumi, the head of the PLO's Foreign Affairs Department, came as a surprise since he had earlier issued a strongly worded statement opposing the terms of the PLO recognition of Israel and the PLO-Israeli agreement saying they "infringed on the national and inalienable rights of the Palestinian people.

But sources close to Mr. Kaddoumi in Tunis were quoted on Saturday as saying that despite his strong opposition to the two agreements, he had no plans to resign from the Executive Com-

Palestinian analysts close to the PLO expect that after publicly declaring his opposition to the recognition and self-rule agreements, Mr. Kaddoumi will try to influence Mr. Arafat's future decisions, especially over risks the PLO could face in implementing the Oslo accord.

Meanwhile, the PLO leadership has been urged to strengthen the committee formed on Friday by including intellectuals and experts from the occupied territories and from the diaspora.

In order to know what the PLO is about to face inside the occupied territories after being physically distant for more than 25 years, Palestinian analysts_said that leaders from the West Bank and Gaza must take an active role in such a committee.

ZAGREB (R) — Rebel Serbs

and Croatian troops fought on in

southern Croatia Saturday, ignor-

ing U.N. warnings that the vio-

lence could threaten the peace

the towns of Jamnica and Sisak

near Karlovac, south of Zagreb, .

came under fire on Saturday,

while the coastal town of Zadar

reported 40 shells impacting in

leashed a barrage on Karlovac,

some 50 kilometres south of Zag-

reb, killing seven people and wounding 30, in retaliation for

the loss of three Serb-held vil-

lages near Gospic in a Croat

Gospic itself, some 45

kilometres inland from the Adria-

tic coast, was also reported by

Croatian radio to be under artil-

lery attack on Saturday.
"Intensive fighting is going

on," Colonel Kosta Novakovic. a

spokesman for rebel Serbs in the

Krajina enclave, told a Reuter

Fighting was also reported in

Bosnia, after several days of rela-

tive calm, as Muslim-led govern-

ment forces and local Croats bat-

tled for territory in and around

area is rising again," a U.N. spokesman said in Sarajevo.

nia, Croat forces continued to

shell the besieged Muslim quar-

ter, but U.N. relief convoys were

able to reach both parts of the divided city with 50 tonnes of

In Sarajevo, under Serb siege

for 17 months, the U.N. reported

clashes on government-held Zuc

hill and said Mount Igman, over-

looking the capital, was "very

In Bosnia's Serb nationalist

stronghold of Banja Luka, Serb

soldiers defied commanders'

orders to lift a blockade of the

town in a protest against war

supplies each.

tense.

profiteers.

The level of conflict in the

In Mostar, in southwest Bos-

Gornji Vakuf in the centre.

On Friday, Serb guns un-

the space of 30 minutes.

ault on Thursday.

Croatian radio reported that

process in former Yugoslavia.

The source said that Mr. Ara-

ignore U.N. appeal



Faronk Kaddonmi

fat was urged to expand the committee to establish specialised sub-committees to study the different challenges the Palestinians will face during the interim self-rule period, and to adopt new policies that would guarantee the success of the agreement and create new realities that could achieve Palestinian national rights in the final settlement.

The committee will be responsible for working out plans to deal with the spheres of authority the Palestinians will take over from the Israeli authorities, such as education, health, social welfare, taxation and tourism.

In addition, the PLO is expected to study and draw out plans for the activities of the Palestinian police force and the economy. It is also expected to adopt new policies in dealing with Palestinian opposition.

According to Tayseer Arouri of the Palestine People's Party (communist) and advisor to the peace negotiating team, the way Palestinian leadership handles the next three years will determine the outcome of the final

"The text of the self-rule agreement provides many opportuni-ties for the Palestinians," Mr. Arouri said. "But these opportunities must be utilised in the best possible way to benefit from in the next three years.'

Voicing a widespread concern out how the PLO would handle the economic development and opposition in the West Bank and Gaza, Dr. Arouri, who was expelled from the West Bank by the Israelis in 1989, insisted that the key to the success of the interim period was Palestinian democra-

The basis of all Palestinian can solve people's problems.

who seized control of the north-

ern Bosnian town on Friday have

closed petrol stations and bars in

activities in the occupied territories in the next three to five years should be democratic, he said. 'Only real democracy will determine whether this agreement turns out to be a success or a total catastrophe for Palestinian national rights in the end."

An important element for the interim period to succeed and lead to achieving Palestinian national rights, analysts said, is to include Palestinian leaders and intellectuals from the occupied territories where they would hold responsible positions in the decision-making body of the PLO.

After living under Israeli occupation for more than two decades, Palestinians "know better how to deal with the Israeli mentality and create new realities that could never be accomplished by those who lived in Beirut or Tunis," according to a Palestinian activist from the West Bank.

Palestinian opposition is one issue that poses a serious challenge to the PLO leadership, particu-larly at a time when the con-troversial "Gaza-Jericho first" agreement added to resignations from the Executive Committee (see separate story).

According to Labib Kamhawi. a political analyst who strongly opposes the peace process and the PLO-Israel agreement on self-rule, the PLO "does not exist anymore and has been reduced to čw guys.'

Describing the "Gaza-Jericho first" agreement as a "catastrophe.' Dτ. Kamhawi insisted that "little can be done at this stage to minimise Palestinian los-

"Policing the Palestinians by Palestinian forces to defend Israelis is quite painful," Dr. Kamhawi told the Jordan Times, "Arafat has exchanged the PLO credibility and popular trust for Israeli and U.S. backing, has manipulated the Palestinian peo-ple and made a mockery of PLO institutions. And, at the end of the day, it will backfire at Ara-

In his letter of recognition of Israel, Mr. Arafat said that the PLO "renounces the use of terrorism and other acts of violence and will assume responsibility over all PLO elements and percompliance, prevent violations and discipline violators."

Mr. Arouri stressed that in order to succeed, the model for self-rule provided in Gaza and Jericho must be "modern, efficient, tolerant, democratic and have tangible economic plans that



PLO: Deal will not end intifada and Israel will freeze settlement

Combined agency dispatches

THE PEACE accord drawn up between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will not put an end to the Palestinian intifada and Israel has undertaken to freeze its settlement activities in the occupied territories, PLO officials say.

The uprising was a "peaceful popular rejection of the occupation" and "will only end with the end of the occupation" PLO

end of the occupation," PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed Rabbo said in an interview with Radio France International (RFI).
Th PLO and Israel formally

recognised each other on Friday, and are due to sign an autonomy accord for the Gaza Strip and the town of Jericho, on the West Bank, in Washington Monday.

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, in a letter to Norwegian Foreign Minister Johan Joergen Holst who brokered the dramatic breakthrough, called for an end to violence in the occupied territories — effectively signalling for a halt to the intifada, which has seen more than 1,100 Palestinians shot dead by Israelis and 171 Israelis killed by Palestinians.

Mr. Abed Rabbo denied Mr. Arafat had signed a document pledging to put an end to the He said that after the accord

was signed Mr. Arafat would address the Palestinian people, informing them of the contents of the agreement, and would call for reciprocal measures among normalisation of the situation." These would include an end to

the "isolation" of Jerusalem, the liberation of Palestinian detainees, and a return of Palestinian exiles, he said.

Dismissing the risk of a "civil war" in the occupied territories between Palestinians for and

Palestinian people were "totally

behind" the agreement.
In Washington, another PLO official said the PLO has received a tacit commitment from Israel to freeze Jewish settlements in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Nabil Shaath, explaining the Israel-PLO agreement, also spoke of Palestinians being allowed to run their own institu-tions in East Jerusalem. now," Mr. Savir said. "There is a desire to solve The agreement to be signed on

Monday at the White House covers a five-year interim period of self-rule and delays negotiations on settlements and Jerusalem until future talks on a permanent

But Dr. Shaath said: "We have a tacit commitment not to grow, not to build, not to build new

He said this applied to settle-ments in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, where more than 120,000 Israelis live among nearly two million Palestinians, but not to settlements in the "greater Jerusalem" area. "On the question of Jerusalem.

particularly when you add the question of East Jerusalemites participating in the vote and you add questions of functional au-thorities in East Jerusalem to run Palestinian Institutions, there is a "I think the change was deep, it was a painful change. They told us every so often listen, this is deal," Dr. Shaath said. He did not elaborate.

The self-rule agreement says Palestinians in East Jerusalem at least the credit that this is a can vote and run in elections for a true change," he said. Palestinian self-rule council. will administer East Jerusalem

during the interim period. The Israeli who negotiated the secret pact said Friday the spirit catch up — both those who want enshrined in it would help the peace (and) those who want to one-time arch enemies overcome beat the peace process. I think countless problems on the way to they'll find out that it's better to comprehensive peace.

are countless," said Uri Savir, director-general of Israel's foreign ministry, who led secret contacts in norway with PLO officials on mutual recognition and Palestinian self-rule.

"I think what is important is not to understand that there will be problems, but to understand that we will tackle them together in a different spirit than until

problems by cooperation rather than conflict," he added.

Israeli journalists, reflection public anxiety that the PLO might not keep its word, repe-atedly asked the reserved Savir on Friday if he truly believed the PLO had recognised Israel's right to exist and had renounced vio-

Well, it will take many of us a lot of time to believe that — more than just a document... (but) the document is proof that there is a deep desire to change, yes," Savir

Norway arranged at least 14 secret meetings between the PLO and Israel to achieve the accords. Mr. Savir said those personal contacts had convinced him the deal was solid.

painful to us, this is almost impossible'," he added. "We are willing to give (them)

Mr. Savir said the breakcould be the catalyst to a comprehensive Middle East peace.

"I think now others will try to ioin in than to beat it." the "I think the potential problems negotiator said.

Hourani quits PLO **Executive Committee**

TUNIS (R) — Abdullah Hourani said Saturday he was resigning from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Executive Committee in protest against the peace deal with Israel.

Mr. Hourani, head of the PLO's Cultural Department, is the fifth member of the 18member Executive Committee to resign in the past two months.

Mr. Hourani, an independent
who spoke against the self-rule

agreement at a meeting of the

committee on Thursday, said it

was at odds with PLO policy set by the Palestine National Council (PNC).

"On this basis I announce ... that I am submitting my resigna-tion from the Executive Committee to the PNC speaker's office

for the PNC to decide on it when it next meets," Mr. Houram said in a statement. He said he would not attend **Executive Committee meetings**

until the PNC meet and he called for an argent meeting of the council to decide on the peace He said that in the meantime

Palestinians should remain united and refrain from violence against each other.

Mr. Hourani told Reuters that Mr. Arafat had negotiated with Israel behind the back of the Executive Committee and had presented the agreement as a fait accompli for it to accept or reject.

On Friday, hardline Palestinian leaders to Taysir Khaled of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) and Abdul Rahim Mallouh of the Popular Front for the Liberation Palestine (PFLP) announced their resignations in protest.

Hout formalises resignation

In Beirut, the PLO's longtime sentative in Lebanon, Shafiq Al Hout, said on Saturday he was resigning his seat on the Executive Committee and his post in Lebanon in protest against the self-rule deal.

Mr. Hout, 61, withdrew from the Executive Committee last month but said at the time he would not formally quit as committee members are elected by the PNC and only it accept res-

Mr. Hout said on Friday that Palestinians were in shock at the lates that talks with Israel on a final settlement continue during a five-year interim period, and he predicted the pact faced a tough test in the years ahead.

"In my opinion the price (won from Israel) was not enough. It is not convincing," Mr. Hout told

"The future of the refugees, sovereignty and the right of self-determination will only be discussed three years after the declaration (of principles). So then we have three years of anxiety followed by two years of negotiations," siad Mr. Hout, who still has deeds to his bome in Jaffa which he left in 1948.

Palestinian poet Mahmoud Darwish, who resigned from the PLO leadership last month, said on Saturday he had reservations about the peace deal with Israel but urged Palestinians to unite behind it.

"Given that the draft has been endorsed by the PLO's institu-tions, I call on all Palestinian organisations to contribute towards making this experiment a success," he told Reuters in an interview.

"If the plan fails, it would have negative results, although I continue to have fears and anxieties (about it)," he added. Mr. Darwish submitted his res-

ignation from the Executive Committee in August, ostensibly for personal reasons. His resignation was widely seen as a protest at the way PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat was rushing to make peacewith Israel On Saturday he said he would

not resume his place in the committee but he could not keep away from political activity. "I will remain close to the Palestinian leadership and for President Arafat I feel only deep respect and admiration for his political courage," he added.

Mr. Darwish said that despite the need for unity opponents of the peace agreement, which Mr. Arafat will sign in Washington on Monday, should remain free to express their opinions.

But for the sake of the national interest we must all enter this new trial together ... the decision is now binding on all and the opposition must oppose from

1988 resolution stipulated," he

Fiemish nationalists boo Japanese, Beigian royals

ANTWERP, Belgium (AFP) -

Emperor and empress of Japan

got a close look at Belgium's

marrelsome politics here when

they were booed by Flemish militants and treated to an ago government demonstration. A handful of Flemish militants shouted hostile slogans at Emperor Akihito and Empre Michiko as they arrived in this medieval Belgian city here Friday accompanied by Belgium's King Albert II and Queen Paola. Later, they drove past a demonstra-tion of about 40 people, including four parliamentarians of the extreme-right Vlaamse Bloc Party, who were holding up posters and banners calling for an independent Flanders. It was the first negative touch during the trip of the Japanese royal couple since they arrived in Belgium for a four-day state visit Thursday. The militants, members of a rightwing Flemish nationalist movement shouted slogans such as "Belgium — explode" and "amnesty" as the royal motorcade passed the "Lion Of Flanders" Cafe, a well-known nationalist haunt. They were identified as members of "The Committee For Flanders Our Fatherland," a movement which wants Dutch-speaking Flanders to secede from French-speaking Wallonia. The shouts of "amnes ty" related to demands that full civil rights be restored to the survivors of collaboration, mainly 4. Flemish, with the Nazis in World

Attorney quits Jackson case

LOS ANGELEŠ (Agencies) 🗝 Civil rights attorney Gloria Allred says she is no longer the lawyer for the 13-year-old boy whose molestation allegations prompted the police to investi-gate pop star Michael Jackson. "I no longer represent the child," Ms. Allred said. She refused to comment further or answer questions. Ms. Allred announced at a packed news conference in Beverly Hills last week that she had taken on the case, calling her young client a "courageous child" who deserved "to be safe, to be protected and to have his day in court." Jackson has denied molesting the boy and has not been charged with any crime. His lawyer and a private investigator who works for Jackson have said the allegation was made after the entertainer refused a \$20 million extortion demand by the boy's father. Meanwhile, Actress Brooke Shields, a close friend of Michael Jackson, said Friday she did not believe the child sex abuse allegations against the pop superstar. "He's never done anything to burt anybody and I just want it to be over for him." Shields said in an interview with Television New Zealand, Jackson was "very pained" by the allega-tions, Sheilds said. "He's a delightful person ... He's a real gentleman. He has lovely family and the people that I've met that he is close to are lovely. He's very i pained by it, he's very unhappy and very sad." Shields is in New

Jackson wows Fukuoka

Zealand for a film commercial:

FUKUOKA (R) — Pop super-star Michael Jackson, dogged by allegations of child sex abuse, appeared at pains to show his gentle and vulnerable side at a concert in western Japan. Several times he appeared to weep during sentimental numbers, but Jackson aficionados who followed the tour through Bangkok, Singapore and Taiwan said it was part of the act. The performance included live video of Japanese fans in the sold-out Fukuoka Dome Stadium brandishing banners attesting to their faith in the 35-year-old singer. "We just can't stop loving you," one hand-painted sign "We just can't stop loving read, quoting a Jackson ballad. 'We believe you" read another. The press is over-reacting (about the allegations), but I believe he's innocent," 31-year-old office worker Hitomi Okanaka said. The show's finale featured small children dressed in native costumes led by Jackson carrying a Japanese toddler in a kimono around an gigantic globe balloon. The song was Heal The World.

U.N. Headquarters to suspend tours MITED NATIONS (AFP)

Guided tours of United Nations Headquarters in New York will be suspended indefinitely from Sept. 18 due to security concerns, a spokesman for the U.N. chief said. "The way the tour is being conducted needs to be revised, said Ahmad Fawzi, a spokesman for U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali. "The routes will be more strictly controlled."

with UAE

a crackdown on the black market. The fighting in Krajina continued despite a plea from U.N. envoy Thorvald Stoltenberg to Croatian President Franjo Tudjman to order his troops to withdraw from captured villages. accept any preconditions. Mr. Stoltenberg warned the Croatian leader that the outbreak

could affect the whole peace process in former Yugoslavia, a U.N. spokesman said Friday. The commander of the U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR)

in former Yugoslavia, General "It is their choice whether they Jean Cot, also expressed concern. Croatian army chief General Janko Bobetko said the aim of Thursday's offensive was to secure Gospic, which had come under fire from rebel Serbs based

A UAE spokesman said on Friday that Sheikh Hamdan Ben in the villages. However, a spokesman for the Serb Krajina army, Colonel Kosta Novakovic, told a Reuter correspondent in their Knin headquarters that the Croat assault was the second phase of an effort to reestablish links between north and south Croatia.

Izetbegovic in S. Arabia

Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic said Saturday he was count-ing Saudi Arabia's international influence to help his Muslim peonle in their battle for survival in

the former Yugoslavia. He said he was ready to resume stalled peace talks with Bosnia's Serb and Croat adversaries.

"My visit ... comes within the tramework of the strength and standing of the kingdom," said Mr. Izetbegovic in a statement to the official Saudi Press Agency. Accompanied by his vice president, Ejup Ganic, the Bosnian leader arrived in the Saudi summer capital late Friday after a

flight from New York, where he

had conferred with U.N.

Secretary-General Boutros Gha-

Iran: No Serbs, Croats battle, precondition for talks

> TEHRAN (Agencies) - Iran said Saturday that it was ready to receive a senior official from the United Arab Emirates (UAE) for negotiations on an island dispute, but stressed that it would not

A Foreign Ministry spokes-man, quoted by state radio, said Iran "would not accept any claims" from the UAE as preconditions for talks on the disputed islands of Abu Musa, Greater Tunb and Lesser Tunb in the

want to come or not," he said referring to a decision by UAE to cancel a visit here next week by its minister of state for foreign

Zayed Al Nahayan's trip had been cancelled because the "UAE is convinced that there is no desire by the Iranian side to ensure the success of the visit. Iran Wednesday slammed the UAE over repeating its claim onthe islands in a meeting of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)

in Riyadh earlier this week, and tressed they would remain part of Iranian territory.

The last round of negotiation between Tehran and Abu Dhabi on the islands, which was held in the UAE last September, ended

in failure after Iran insisted to limit talks to Abu Musa. Abu Musa had been jointly administered by Iran and the UAE since 1971. But ownership has been in dispute since last September, when Iran moved to take full control.

Iran's foreign ministry saw in a statement Tuesday: "These is-lands are Iranian and will remain Iranian. The Islamic Republic of Iran will not allow any country to let political games overshadow the region's stability and collective security."

Iraq-U.N. talks end with arms pact still in limbo

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies)
— U.N. and Iraqi officials ended a week of intensive disarmament talks without an agreement but cautiously optimistic of progress towards a deal that eventually would allow Iraq to sell oil freely. Key differences remain, however. Iraq wants a United Nations oil embargo lifted as soon as arms inspectors are satisfied that it has scrapped all its

dangerous weapons. The U.N. Special Commission in charge of dismantling Iraq's weapons insists that a long-term monitoring programme designed to ensure Baghdad does not reacquire banned arms must be implemented before it can recom-

mend sanctions be lifted. U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali late on Friday conferred with the chief Iraqi negotiator. General Amir Rasheed, director of Baghdad's Military-Industrial Authority. U.N. sources said he sent a personal message to Iraqi President Sad-dam Hussein but they would not

reveal its contents. Rolf Ekeus, the Swedish head of the U.N. commission, has threatened not to continue the crucial weapons talks, expected to resume in Baghdad in October, unless Iraq activates U.N. surveillance cameras installed at

two missile sites near Baghdad. The cameras were put in place but not turned on after a standoff between Iraq and the United Nations in June which brought a threat of force from the Security Council.

Gen. Rasheed said Iraq had considered the cameras part of the long-term monitoring programme but now decided they were just a technical issue. He said he foresaw no problem in activating them but needed approval first from his govern-

Mr. Ekeus said the United Nations could finish its exhaustive analysis of Iraq's weapons of mass destruction by December if the Iraqi people as well as the solutio country's economy, were im-Iraq keeps promises to provide all

outstanding information.
Mr. Ekeus also said he would not be in a position to declare Baghdad's compliance with Gulf war ceasefire resolutions for at least six months. Such a declaration is needed

before the Security Council can lift the ban on Iraqi oil exports. During talks with Mr. Ekeus over the past two weeks, Gen. Rasheed promised to provide all outstanding information about Iraq's foreign weapons suppliers and weapons production.

The existing stage of defining prohibited (weapons) capabilities could be ended by the end of December 1993," Mr. Ekeus told a news conference. But Iraq is still standing firm in the dispute over U.N. terms for

ensuring it does not rebuild its military programme. The United Nations wants to arrange longterm monitoring to check on Iraqi compliance with bans on producing nuclear, chemical and biological weapons. Mr. Ekeus wants to begin that

monitoring immediately and con-tinue it for six months before certifying Iraqi compliance to the Security Council. Iraq could then qualify for lifting the oil embargo. Iraq, however, doesnot want to begin the long-term monitoring until after it receives a clean bill of health on its existing weapons and receives the Security Council's approval to resume oil ship-

Mr. Ekeus said that during the talks, Iraq provided new information about chemical and missile production facilities and suppliers. Gen. Rasheed told reporters: "There are only a few gaps and these will be solved." Mr. Ekeus is hoping to fill those gaps during a visit to Bagh-

dad in October but said he would

. t go unless Iraq allows the ited Nations to turn on the itoring cameras at missile The sanctions, which have caused considerable hardship to

posed in August 1990 shortly after Baghdad's troops invaded Kuwait. The troops were driven out during the 1991 Gulf war.

Under a ceasefire resolutions in April 1991 Iraq must destory and disclose the sources of its nuclear, chemical, biological and ballistic weapons. The special commission would then recommend that the Security Council lift the embargo on exports, including oil.

Sanctions on imports to Iraq are linked to compliance with a host of other demands, ranging from human rights to recognition of the border with Kuwait. After three years of suffering under a stringent trade embargo,

diplomats believe Iraq has shown

increasing willingness to com promise and reveal data. Gen. Rasheed told a news conference he thought all outstanding problems — the data Mr. Ekeus was seeking on weapons and suppliers as well as plans for the ongoing monitoring — could be settled by the end of Novem-

But he said the Security Council should lift the embargo on oil sales or at least assure Iraq it was willing to do so before monitoring plans could be implemented. But there is little chance he will get any such assurances from the council.

his government was apprehensive about ongoing U.N. demands without any indication that the embargo would be lifted. "We cannot just continue implementing actions," he said. Mr. Ekeus in the past months has had private talks with American, British and French officials in an effort to get assurances they would lift the embargo once he is

all weapons demands. Some U.S. officials fear that they would have no control over Iraq in implementing other resolutions once the oil embargo is

satisfied Iraq has complied with

The Iraqi general made it clear

within the agreement."

"Establishing self-rule in Gaza
and Jericho can in no way form a beginning to establishing an independent Palestinian state on any part of liberated Palestinian land, as the Palestine National Council

